4176. **The Fort Wayne Sentinel.** 4176.

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BIG PUGILISTS.

The Absorbing Topic in Fights and Their Outcome.

New Orleans Will Go Broke if Fitzsimmons Should Lose—Jackson Eager to Meet Corbett.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 13.—Never in the history of the country have so many pugilists been preparing for the fray. The absorbing topic of conversation is the fights and their outcome.

The general opinion of men who have seen the men at work, who can make accurate deductions and who are not prejudiced, is that the fights will result as follows: McMillan to whip Hinds; Ryan to master Dawson; Goddard to win easily over Smith; Lewis to win the wrestling match with Roeber and Dailly to trot second with Gibbons.

The question which is puzzling the patrons of the sport is the picking of the winner of the Hall-Fitzsimmons match. Aside from futurity the question is probably the most difficult of its kind offered for a solution. That the men are evenly matched is beyond a doubt. Both are tall, shifty, strong, powerful hitters and possessed of pluck and endurance. They have both fought men who stood high in their profession. These facts, coupled with the size of the purse, a fortune in itself, will add increased speed to their blows, quickness to their every move and shrewdness to their generalship. Experts say that it will be a grand fight and the contest of the age.

Fitzsimmons is quoted as saying that for the first four rounds the contest will be a marvel. He does not, however, underestimate Hall's ability, but nevertheless he holds that Hall will not win.

Fitzsimmons is training as he never trained before. The importance of the contract, he says beforehand, is fully appreciated, and if appreciation will win the battle, Fitzsimmons intends to make it do so. Advices from Hall's headquarters are to the same effect and if the men have been in the excellent condition hoped for, the fight cannot fail to prove scientific and interesting. Hall has the reputation of never letting his opponent rest. If he adopts this plan the spectators will be afforded a treat. The south, especially New Orleans, is for Fitzsimmons and in the event of his defeat New Orleans will go broke.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 13.—Peter Jackson put in a busy afternoon yesterday in rehearsing "Uncle Tom," in which character he is to appear soon. "I don't see why I should play second fiddle to Mitchell," said Jackson in reference to Corbett's talk. "My money is up and the Englishman's is not. Corbett talks as if he was doing me a favor, but I am just entitled to the first fight. No theatrical contract ought to bind a man to neglect what is due to other fighters who have made their reputations honestly in the ring. I was offered a year's contract to act, but refused to sign for more than four months, as I did not want to be tied up. I am ready to fight Corbett at four month's notice. Even next December will suit me, but I want Corbett to cover my money."

Parson Davies, who had listened to what Jackson had said, added: "On the night of the Corbett-Sullivan fight I challenged Corbett for Jackson, and Corbett has no right to pull Jackson in second place. Mitchell is not even the champion of England. Its strange, therefore, why he should be allowed the preference. Corbett's anxiety to get on a match with Jackson was great when Jackson was in England, but when he returned Corbett's eagerness vanished. We don't propose to have a queensbury contest in the papers. We shall expect Corbett to cover our money." "Yes," broke in Peter. "I am no lackey of Corbett's and don't propose to go to New York or send a representative there. All Corbett has to do is to cover my money. It won't be hard to make arrangements after that."

IRREPRESSIBLE WOMEN.

Their Predominance Causes a Pastor to Resign.

ATLANTA, Ga., Feb. 13.—Rev. Carl Bersh has resigned the pastorage of the German Lutheran church of this city, because there are too many women in it. "You see," said he, with reluctance, "it is impossible to run a church where the women take charge of everything. There are not more than three or four men in the Lutheran church, the rest being women. They call church meetings and claim men should not be present. If a man comes he is told at once that he is not needed. If he insists on going in they will suspend all business until he leaves. The result is that men see that they are not wanted.

"When I first assumed the pastorate I used to go to the meetings and occupy the position to which I was entitled. I very soon found out that my presence was not welcome. Such being the case what could I do but resign? I did not preach last Sunday, and will not preach any more for that congregation. I will teach their Sunday school until they can make some other arrangements, but as for being pastor of a church composed entirely of women I must be excused in the future."

WILL WIPE OUT THE TOWN.

Chicago Colored Citizens Threaten to Avenge Smith's Death.

PARIS, Texas, Feb. 13.—A letter was received here yesterday to the effect that 2,500 colored citizens of Chicago were coming here to avenge the burning of Henry Smith, and would only be satisfied when they had wiped Paris from the face of the earth. It is not believed that they will come, but if they do there will be a good time. The colored people here are anxious to entertain them. It is not unlikely that some act of violence will be done yet. The people here stand by what was done, and will allow no man to challenge their good name. Saturday night a gang of hoodlums made some remarks regarding the lynching in the presence of a United States deputy marshal and were roughly handled.

SUITS AGAINST OFFICERS

In Illinois Postponed Until Governor Altgeld's Return.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Feb. 13.—Although Attorney General Moloney refused to talk for publication about the order of Acting Governor Gill directing him to bring prosecutions against ex-state officials, it can be positively stated that he will pay no attention to the order for the present at least. When the order was received by the attorney general he indorsed it as having been tendered, making a memorandum showing the hour and date of the tender and then filed it away in a pigeon hole where it will certainly remain undisturbed until after Governor Altgeld's return. If, however, upon Governor Altgeld's return he shall ratify the action of Lieutenant Governor Gill, suits against the ex-auditors and ex-treasurers will be begun. The latter claim that the decision of the supreme court of Wisconsin in the cases brought by that commonwealth against ex-treasurers for the recovery of interest received by them will not apply to cases in this state.

TWO HIGHWAYMEN

Hold Up a Milkman and Rob Him of His Money.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Feb. 13.—At about 4 o'clock this morning William Brooks, a milkman, while driving along Giddings avenue, in the central part of the city, was held up by two highwaymen and ordered to hand over his money. He refused, and one of the robbers shot him in the side. They then took what money he had, an insignificant sum, and made good their escape. It is feared that Brooks' wound may prove fatal.

LOCAL LINES.

The Y. P. S. C. E. of the Third Presbyterian church, will hold a business meeting tonight.

Three Nickel Plate freight trains were stalled on the curve at the foot of Harmer and Frances streets at noon, today.

The little child of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Mungovan, living at the corner of Dawson and Harrison streets, is very ill with convulsions.

The gymnasium of the City Y. M. C. A. is being overhauled and repaired preparatory to being taken charge of by the new physical director.

Last evening at the Emanuel Lutheran church, just as the congregation was singing the last hymn, the electric light went out, leaving the church in total darkness. A panic was narrowly averted.

Friday afternoon Mrs. Charlotte Hera, a sister of Daniel and Philippe Nestel, of this city, had a stroke of paralysis and is lying very low at her home at the corner of Lafayette and Lee streets. Dr. Kesler is attending her.

The meetings at the Grace Reformed church yesterday indicated an unusual degree of interest. The attendance was the largest for many months, and there was a manifest presence of the Holy Spirit in all the services. The pastor announced that the meeting in progress would continue for some weeks to come. There will be services this week on Wednesday and Thursday evenings and a women's meeting on Thursday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

The protracted meetings at the Church of Christ are doing a fine work. The audiences are very large and attentive and many who have never made a profession are deeply interested. Professor Dann, of St. Louis, has charge of the song service. He is one of the best singers that has visited our city. You should hear him. J. V. Updike is preaching the gospel in all its fullness. His subjects this week are: "What Must I Do to be Damned?" "How Long Does it Take to Get Religion?" "Can a Man be a Christian and Not Belong to the Church?" "The Three Great Religions," "The Three Hells," and "The Three Heavens." A meeting for women only next Sunday afternoon, at 3 p. m., subject, "Woman's Trials and Triumphs." Special solos at each service by Professor Dann. Seats free to all.

The university extension movement has created much interest in this city. It began in England about twenty years ago, but for only the short period of five years has the organization been working in this country. The well defined aim of this movement is to co-operate with existing organizations and to supplement by its own system their educational efforts. These centers have been formed in connection with libraries, institutes, Young Men's Christian associations and various literary clubs. The men in our own state who have been earnest supporters of this university extension movement are President Coulter and Professor Woodburn, of the University of Indiana. Professor Woodburn will begin a series of six lectures on "American History" next Friday. They will be given at the City Y. M. C. A. hall on Friday evenings. Professor Woodburn is one of the most able men in the state and especially interesting are his lectures on "American History." Secretary Rower will be glad to confer with any one desiring to take this course and secure their co-operation.

SENATE PROCEEDINGS.

Sherman's Three Per Cent. Five Year Bond Bill.

Judge Jackson's Appointment Discussed—It Will Probably be Confirmed—Other News.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—The senate committee on finance will probably take up at its meeting tomorrow Senator Sherman's resolution to authorize the treasury, in case of necessity for the maintenance of specie resumption, to issue 3 per cent. five year bonds. An accidental omission in an item previously published on this subject resulted in a statement that "our present four per cent. bonds were carrying a premium of 28 per cent. or over." As the context would probably indicate to all familiar with the subject and with the market quotations the sentences should have read "our present 4 per cent. bonds, if renewed for forty years, were capable of carrying a premium of 28 per cent. or over."

After a brief fight between the committee on the District of Columbia and the committee on appropriations, the former came out victorious and proceeded to call up bills of a local character.

The senate judiciary committee this morning in a very brief session decided to report favorably the nomination of Judge Howell E. Jackson to be one of the associate justices of the supreme court of the United States. When this nomination came up one week ago today the democrats entered a formal protest to its consideration, and under the rules the matter went over until the next meeting of the committee, which was today. The republican members in the meantime decided that they would brook no further delay, inasmuch as there were no charges of any kind and the determination was reached that the nomination should be acted upon this morning. When the committee met the democratic members stated that they would no longer oppose the report to the senate, but intimated that they reserved the right to take such steps as they saw fit when the question of confirmation came before the senate itself. The committee will make a favorable report on the nomination at the next executive session, possibly this afternoon, and if there be any serious democratic opposition it will then have the opportunity to make itself manifest. It is understood that republicans will vote as a unit for confirmation.

The chaplain had the unique experience at the beginning of his prayer for a legislative body this morning, not a single republican member of which was present to get the benefit of it. Before the invocation for light and wisdom was concluded, Mr. Faulkner, democrat, of West Virginia, strayed into the chamber, and when the chaplain retired called attention to the absence of senators. The roll was called, and in the course of half an hour there was enough senators present to constitute a quorum. An explanation was made by Mr. Faulkner of his purpose in calling attention to the absence of a quorum. It was to the effect that he did not desire legislation to proceed while there was not a republican senator in the chamber. Finally a quorum appeared and the journal of Saturday was read. The senate refused to consider New Mexico's statehood bill in the morning hour—yeas, 14; nays, 30. Mr. Teller gave notice that he would tomorrow ask the senate to take up and dispose of the McGarrahan bill. Mr. Cullom, republican, of Illinois introduced a joint resolution to transfer to the state of Illinois, at the close of the Columbian exposition, the naval exhibit of the United States government as a naval armory for the use of the naval militia of Illinois and asked to have it considered and passed. Mr. Cockrell, of Missouri, democrat, objected, saying that this was simply the entering wedge of Chicago to get everything that would be sent there for exhibition. The joint resolution was referred to the committee on naval affairs.

HUGH O'DONNELL.

His Trial for Murder Begins at Pittsburg.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Feb. 13.—The case of Hugh O'Donnell, the first chairman of Homestead's famous advisory board, was called for trial before Judge Stowe this morning. O'Donnell is charged with murder during the riot of July 6. His is, perhaps, the most important of all the cases in connection with that event. The theory of "go early to avoid the rush" was given practical illustration, and all the available space in court was fairly packed before the court officers made their appearance. It was 10:15 o'clock when the case was called. O'Donnell stood while the indictment, charging him with the murder of T. J. Connors, a Pinkerton detective the same on which Clifford and Critchlow were tried, was read to him. In response to the usual question, O'Donnell replied firmly, "Not guilty." After the preliminary details were disposed, of, the work of empanelling a jury was begun and will probably consume the greater part of today's session of court. O'Donnell will be defended by Messrs. Anderson, of Youngstown, Ohio; Erwin, of St. Paul; Brennan, Marshal, Reader, Cox and Montiche, of Pittsburg.

HIS WIFE ARRESTED

For Complicity in the Attempted Murder of Druggist Payne.

FOWLER, Ind., Feb. 13.—Excitement continues to grow here over the attempted murder of Druggist James W. Payne Saturday morning. A search of Payne's house yesterday disclosed evidence strongly indicating the complicity of his wife and she was arrested. Others were implicated with the wife but no motive for the crime has been discovered. There is no hope of Payne's recovery.

DEATH'S SUMMONS.

Norvin Green, the Veteran Telegraph Manager Called.

Indianapolis Loses One of Her Most Prominent Bankers in the Death of T. H. Sharpe.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Feb. 13.—Dr. Norvin Green died here at 7:30 o'clock yesterday morning, after an illness of six weeks with catarrhal diarrhoea. He was seriously ill only ten days. Dr. Norvin Green and his wife three years ago celebrated their golden wedding at their handsome home in this city. He married in 1840, his wife being Miss Martha English, a daughter of Capt. James W. English, who fought in the battle of Tippecanoe and through the war of 1812 under General William Henry Harrison. The English family then lived in Carroll county, and after the marriage of Dr. Green, who had raised sufficient money to educate himself by contracting to cut cord wood in Hunter's bottom, moved on the Kentucky side of the river, opposite Madison, Ind. He had been forced to labor because of the bankruptcy of his father, who lost his all by becoming surety on a guardian's bond.

INDIANAPOLIS, Feb. 13.—Thomas H. Sharpe died at his home, No. 650 North Pennsylvania street, on Sunday, Feb. 12, at 11 o'clock a. m., in the eighty-fifth year of his age, having been born August 2, 1808, in Fayette county, Ky. Mr. Sharpe's last sickness came upon him suddenly. He was confined to the house less than a week. He was a member of the banking firm of Fletcher & Sharpe and was prominent in Indiana financial circles.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 13.—Henry Lewis, a prominent capitalist, died here yesterday morning, at the Burnet house, aged sixty-seven.

NEW YORK, Feb. 13.—Oliver B. Jennings, sixty-eight years old, died suddenly at his home, on Park avenue, yesterday. In conjunction with John D. and William Rockefeller, Mr. Brewster and others, Mr. Jennings established the Standard Oil trust.

DEATHS AND FUNERALS.

Henry Rossback, aged sixty-nine years, died at the Hope hospital this morning after a lingering illness of consumption. Deceased came to this city from Toledo and has been engaged in the nursery business. The arrangements for the funeral will not be made until his children have been heard from. They live in Toledo.

John Dieterich, a resident of Marion township, died at his home last night about 8 o'clock of consumption. He was aged thirty-three and leaves a wife and three children, the oldest only four years of age. The funeral will be held on Thursday morning at the Catholic church in Hesse Castle.

The funeral of Mrs. J. C. Gilson, who died at her home in pleasant township Friday night, was held yesterday afternoon. It was largely attended.

The remains of Lawrence A. Burns, who died in Arkansas, have arrived in this city, and were taken to the home of his brother-in-law, James Curry, No. 75 Dawson street. The funeral was held at 1 o'clock this afternoon from the Simpson M. E. church.

Col. E. S. Walker died in Florida last Thursday. This sad news reached this city in a telegram to T. W. Blair Saturday night, and caused a feeling of sorrow in Sons of Veterans circles, where the deceased was best known. Colonel Walker was a member of Governor Chase's staff and one of the leaders in the order of Sons of Veterans, of which he was colonel of the Indiana division. His remains were brought to his home, West Lebanon, where they were interred yesterday under the auspices of the Masons, Knights of Pythias and Sons of Veterans.

The following is a list of the deaths reported by the city undertakers for the week ending February 11:

Policarpa, foundling, one month, marasmus.

Joseph D. Ryan, nineteen years, blood poison.

Edward Klug, three months, brain fever.

Peter Hoffman, seventy-six years, anaemia.

Albert Little, two days, exhaustion.

Lillie E. Pierson, thirteen years, heart failure.

Ottomar Hausse, twenty-one years, typhoid fever.

Anthony J. Parano, thirty-three years, Bright's disease.

Clara Kikley, six years, diphtheria.

William Reinking, fifty-three years, paralysis.

Christian Walda, sixty-four years, diabetis.

Samantha Bowser, fifty-nine years, cancer.

Humane Officer Read's report for the week past is as follows: Children abandoned or neglected, 7; beaten or abused, 4; destitute, 6; homeless, 4; improper homes, 5. Remedied without prosecution, 5; not substantiated, 8; warned, 3. The humane officer had an unusually busy week last week and has a number of cases in view for the coming week. Today he is investigating the case of Mrs. Henkenis, of St. Mary's avenue, whose husband has failed to properly provide for her.

Mr. Bacon, of the Wabash Times, is in the city today.

DEATH IN THE RIVER.

The Child of Mr. Neal Weaver Drowned.

While Playing Around the Banks it Slips Into the River and Sinks Beneath the Waves.

Shortly before 12 o'clock today Glaydis, the little five-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Neal Weaver, was drowned in the swiftly flowing waters of the St. Mary's river.

The home of Mr. and Mrs. Weaver is at 96 West Superior streets, and the lot on which their residence is situated runs back to the St. Mary's river, where it descends with a steep bank, some twelve feet in height, into the waters below.

At the top of the bank is the rear fence of the lot and a gate leads to broad wooden steps which go down to the river's edge.

This morning a little after 11:30 o'clock Mrs. Weaver was busy in the rear part of the lot and here little Glaydis had followed her and was playing around near the top of the river bank, but within the lot. After a moment or two, however, the child in its play got outside the fence and slipped down the icy banks into the river.

The mother soon discovered its absence, but when she reached the river's bank, the child was being carried down by the swiftly flowing current.

Mrs. Weaver screamed at the top of her voice, to one of her neighbors: "Oh, Mrs. Carroll, Glaydis has fallen into the river!" and then she rushed down the steps and along the river's edge to reach her child, but the current was too strong, and some thirty feet below the place where it had fallen in, near a clump of small willow trees, she saw her little daughter sink to rise no more.

The mother's cries had brought her neighbors, Mrs. Carroll and Mrs. John Boyland, to the scene, and they both reached there in time to see the child sink, but too late to be of any assistance in its rescue. They say that after the little one had got into the river she raised her head twice and wiped the water from her face, but when the body reached the willow bushes, which are about 400 feet from the Wells street bridge, the girl disappeared from sight.

It was not long before a number of men reached the scene of the accident, and with boats and hooks, they at once commenced dragging the waters around the willow bushes for the body.

During the noon hour a large crowd collected on the bridge and in the yard of the drowned child's parents and watched the men in their search.

THE SENTINEL reporter, who visited the home of the mother shortly after the accident, found her almost heart-broken with grief. She said her husband was at Sheldon, but had been telegraphed concerning the accident, and was expected home tonight. He is employed at Tegtmeyer's mill in this city.

The search for the little girl continued along the river bank and at 2:15 o'clock her body was fished out with grab hooks from a clump of willow bushes about 100 feet west of the Wells street bridge. It was at once taken to the parents' home, where it now lies.

AN ECCENTRIC MAN.

He Kept Immense Wealth About Him All the Time.

CIRCLEVILLE, Ohio, Feb. 12.—William Mouser, an eccentric old gentleman, died recently at his home in Perry township, this county, at the age of eighty-six years. He was an extensive land owner, but had a weakness for legal tender currency and kept it about his home in quantities that would have tempted expert cracksmen had they become possessed of his secret. He had no fire proof vault or safe in which to store his wealth, but concealed it about the premises.

About ten years ago his house, with its contents, was totally destroyed by fire. Thirty-five thousand dollars, mostly in gold, was concealed in it and found in a molten mass in the debris. This, however, was sent to the mint and recoined, and, it is claimed, netted Mr. Mouser a profit. Several days ago Mrs. Mouser, the surviving better half, handed to Jackson Thomas, the executor, a package containing $8,000 which had been hidden in crevises in the building. About six weeks ago Mouser gave to his grandnephew, W. O. Mouser, $150 to pay his taxes. The young man came to this city but lost the $150 at one of the gambling houses. When the old gentleman learned of his nephew's duplicity he was exceedingly angered and destroyed a will in which he had bequeathed the erring nephew 327 acres of valuable land and substituted one giving him only ninety acres of the same land.

Lectures at the Y. M. C. A.

Thursday, at 4:30, and again at 8 p. m., Professor Dodge, who has just closed a large class in Toledo, will explain his rapid system for acquiring practical German. These opening lectures will amuse as well as instruct all who attend and will be free. The rapid system by which any person of common ability can acquire German enough for an ordinary conversation will be fully explained.

On or about February 15th E. D. Baily, of the civil service commission, at Washington, will arrive in this city and complete all the details necessary for placing the Fort Wayne post office under civil service rules. The office will not be under the civil service laws until after it has been so placed by Mr. Baily.

YE MUST BE BORN AGAIN.

Sunday Sermons Preached by Revs. Leeper and Eldridge.

God's Plan for the Salvation of Sinners—Its Conditions and Its Perfectness.

The words used by Christ to Nickodemus, "Ye must be born again," was the text of the sermon preached yesterday morning at the Second Presbyterian church by Rev. J. L. Leeper.

It was a strong discourse on the necessity of regeneration as a condition of salvation, and, in commencing it, the speaker told the story of the meeting with Nickodemus in which the words of Christ, as given above, were uttered.

Nickodemus was a ruler of the Jews. He was one of the most cultured men of his times and was learned in all that pertained to the civil and religious government of his nation. Here was a man, Christ Jesus, who came among them teaching a new doctrine. Nickodemus had heard of His teachings and His miracles, and he came to Him at night to learn concerning this new religion which He taught. It was in the course of this conversation that Christ said, "Marvel not that I said unto thee, ye must be born again," and explained to Nickodemus the necessity of belief in Him as the Son of God as a condition of inheriting eternal life.

The words of Christ, "Ye must be born again," the speaker said, come to us with the same force and the same truth today that they did to this learned Jewish ruler, and unless we repent and believe in Christ as our redeemer we cannot be saved from the wrath of a righteous God. The text says we must be born again. This new birth is something that is absolutely necessary on our part before we can enter the Kingdom of God. Christ did not say that we can or we may be born again, but that we "must" experience this spiritual change in order to receive the free gift of salvation.

This new birth, Rev. Leeper, continued, is not simply turning over a new leaf in our moral conduct. It is the commencing of an entirely new life; it is a stepping from carnal to spiritual things: it is a radical, revolutionary change. It means repentance for sins, belief in Jesus as the son of God and faith in Him as our Savior, and when this is done we are born again; the Old Adam is conquered and we pass from darkness unto light, the glorious light of the gospel of Christ, regenerated and redeemed men.

It is the gift of God, as a part of His plan for the salvation of men. He always stands ready and willing to offer it to all those who will accept. He is doing His part; His spirit is always striving with us; His offer of mercy and forgiveness is always held out. It is our part to accept or reject. He cannot do this for us. Reject it and your doom is sealed for all eternity. Accept it and you are born again, you become the child of God and are joint heir with Christ to a life of immortal happiness.

SERMON BY REV. ELDRIDGE.

The perfection of God's scheme for the salvation of men was the thought exemplified by Rev. G. N. Eldridge in his sermon at the Wayne street M. E. church last night in discoursing upon the text, "All things are now ready." It was a revival sermon and full of interesting and practical thoughts. One of the elements of perfectness in God's plan of salvation, he said, is its simplicity—believe in Christ, accept Him and you will be saved. It is so simple that even a child can understand it, and it can be preached intelligently to the illiterate and the heathen, for all can comprehend the beautiful and touching story of the cross.

The sinner is saved just where he is. God comes down by His Holy Spirit and lifts him from his sins, imposing as the only conditions of salvation, repentance and faith.

It is a purely impartial plan. It is not for one class of men but for all. It is for the poor as well as the rich; the illiterate as well as the educated, and the people of every nation on the globe and every planet in the universe can avail themselves of the glorious privileges which it offers.

It is a free salvation. No man can get a corner on it. He may control the wheat market, or the sugar market, or the market on any other commodity, but he can't get a corner on religion, because it can not be purchased with money. It is freer than the water we drink or the air we breathe. No monarch can stamp it out of existence. It can come to us in the dungeon; it can descend into the bowels of the earth; it can cross the ocean in less time than the new talked of three hour plan of transportation through tubes. Wherever we are we can have our religion, for Christ is always with us.

God's scheme of redemption is full and rounded. There is no flaw in it. There is contingency on the divine side. He has performed His part and if man comply with the conditions of the proferred contract there will be no chances for a failure of God's ability or purpose in carrying out fully all that He has promised—happiness and eternal life.

It is a perfect religion and the gift of God. As His messenger I offer it to you tonight, urging you to come and avail yourselves of this grand scheme of salvation, purchased by the blood of Christ, which God offers to all. Will you accept?

Death of Hon. J. F. Dunn.

OCALA, Fla., Feb. 13.—Hon. John F. Dunn died here yesterday of Bright's disease, from which he has suffered for some time. Mr. Dunn was a native of South Carolina, but has resided in Florida for many years. He was very wealthy, having been a pioneer in the phosphate industry and a prominent banker. He was a candidate for United States senator against Wilkinson Call.

THE COURTS.

News of the Day as Found During a Trip Among the 'Squires and Around the Court House.

George McSwarney, who was last week sentenced to twenty-three days in the county jail for abusing his wife, was released by giving bail Saturday night, one of his neighbors going on his bond.

THE SENTINEL was in error last Friday when it stated that an inquest in insanity was held in the case of Sylvester Gorsline. The name should have been Miles Griswald. Mr. Sylvester Gorsline, who is an esteemed citizen, called this morning and asked us to make the correction.

The trial of David Scherer, the switchman who forged the name of J. B. Falkner, a fellow switchman, to the Pennsylvania company's pay roll and drew $65.35, comes up before the grand jury at Lima, Ohio, today: The following witnesses from this city are in attendance: W. E. Davis, J. W. Donivan, George Fink, A. D. Craig and C. Rhodes.

Josephine Megrady has sold to Edward Rambong lot in Hanna's addition for $1,200; S. C. Lumbard to Phoebe E. Ellison, lot 91, Lumbard's park, for $810.

Judge O'Rourke has granted to Gertrude Druhot a divorce from Charles Druhot. Drunkenness and abandonment are charged, and Mrs. Druhot is given the custody of their child.

Affidavits have been filed against Joseph Franks, son of Mendel Franks, and his wife, by Ernest Axt for assault and battery. The accused couple were arrested and gave bond in Justice Wilkinson's court to appear February 22, at 7 p. m.

William Deister was fined $1 and costs by Justice Ryan for Sabbath desecration by hauling tile on Sunday. His home is near Bull Rapids, in the eastern part of the county, near the state line. The neighbors complained that Deister worked every Sunday hauling tile, bolts and wood, taking particular pleasure in passing the church people while out with a load. There is another case against Deister for alleged Sabbath desecration which was continued until next Friday at 2 o'clock.

Mrs. McCullough, Hank Lininger and Lawrence Miller, the trio of Fort Wayne counterfeiters who were arrested not long ago, with little Jessie Friend, for counterfeiting, had their trial last week in the United States court at Indianapolis and were discharged, owing to the inability to compel Jessie Friend to testify against them. The girl, who is a precocious infant eleven years old, will be sent to the reformatory until she is of age.

In two weeks George E. Wallace will be an exile from the state of Indiana. Such is the result of the peculiar disposition of a case in the criminal court at Indianapolis, wherein Wallace was charged with forgery. He was for some time a real estate operator of the shark variety in Indianapolis. The forgery was alleged to have been committed three years ago, when he is said to have affixed the name of Peter Cook to a note. Wallace was arrested and released on bond, which was forfeited on account of his failing to appear for trial. During the suit a paper essential to his conviction on the criminal charges was lost, and when Wallace was afterwards arrested at Oakland, and subsequently tried in the criminal court, the jury disagreed. After his trial an effort was made to avoid a second trial, and yesterday morning, in pursuance of an agreement between his attorney and Prosecutor Holtzman, Judge Cox released Wallace upon his personal bond of $1,000, upon condition that he leave the state and never return without permission from the court. He was allowed two weeks in which to arrange his business for his departure forever from Indiana soil.

James M. Yerks, a leading citizen of Milan township, was arrested on a charge of assault and battery upon the person of Mrs. Addie D. Nuttle, and brought before 'Squire Ringwald for trial on Saturday, the 11th. After a full hearing of the case the defendant was acquitted. The trial was largely attended and a deep interest taken in the cause. The state was represented by Wm. Myers, of Leo, and the defendant by E. V. Harris, an attorney of this city.

The South Congregational church was filled to overflowing last night to hear the second discourse in the series of illustrated sermons now being given by the pastors on Sunday evenings. The theme was "The Timid Seeker," and three large pulpit paintings presented to the eye the great truths that were unfolded by the speaker. An impressive communion service followed, when new members were received into the church. The singing by Miss Long, Mr. Goldsmith and Mr. Stopher was excellent.

Mendal Franks was fined $1 and costs by Mayor Zollinger this morning for an assault on a man named Ernest Eix last Friday night. He threatens to appeal the case.

Nevada Boals, a Pennsylvania company brakeman, who suffered the loss of a portion of his hand at Columbia City, ten weeks ago, has reported for duty.

ACCIDENTS.

A Little Boy Badly Scalded About the Head.

G. W. Gales Loses Two Fingers at the East Yards—Many Other Accidents.

Friday afternoon Henry Sack, a well known and prominent farmer living in Marion township, was in the city and was trading at Hobby Hartman's grocery store, on South Hanna street. While making some purchases Mr. Sack was taken suddenly with a violent bleeding of the nose and had to be taken to the St. Joe hospital. He came near dying from loss of blood and his family were sent for in great haste. When his wife arrived she had her husband removed to the home of Bernard Freiburger, at No. 28 Charles street. He is still very weak from the loss of blood.

G. W. Gales, employed at the east yards by the Pennsylvania company, yesterday morning had two fingers of his right hand mashed while coupling cars. Dr. Stemen attended.

Earl Gray, a seven-year-old boy, met with a serious accident at the home of his aunts, Mrs. Jestis and Jennie Gray, No. 220 East Wayne street, this morning. The little fellow was playing about the room and accidentally ran against one of the ladies who was carrying a bucket of scalding hot water. The boy was badly burned about the head and face. His mother, who has been visiting her sisters, lives at Connersville, Ind. She immediately sent for Dr. Greenawald.

James O'Neill, an employe at the Kerr Murray moulding rooms, was badly burned and blistered about the hands and face Saturday evening while assisting in handling molten iron. Dr. Easlen says the injuries are very painful and of a serious nature.

Anna Hewensy, of No. 90 East Main street, was badly scalded by spilling some boiling water Saturday evening. Dr. Enslen attended.

George Hockler, a fifteen-year-old boy living on Pearl street, broke through the ice while skating on St. Mary's river Saturday afternoon. The lad was rescued by a companion named Daniel McCarthy.

Yesterday afternoon Thomas McNearny, a well known citizen, slipped and fell on the icy sidewalk in front of Seavey's hardware store. He was taken to his home, at No. 58 McClellan street, where Drs. C. B. and G. C. Stemen attended him. It was found that he had suffered a fracture of the bones of his right leg. The injured man is quite old and it will be many weeks before he will be out.

A BUSINESS CHANGE.

Dennis Monahan Again Embarks in the Retail Hat and Furnishing Business With Mr. Louis Ohnhaus.

Quite an important business change was made last Saturday when Dennis Monahan, the well-known hatter, purchased a half interest in the hat and furnishing establishment of Ohnhaus & Co., at 88 Calhoun street. Mr. Monahan purchased the interest of Mr. C. G. Guild, who retires. It is not necessary to speak much of the new member of the firm, who has been in the same line of business in Fort Wayne for many years. Only a few months ago he sold out his interest in the house of Golden & Monahan to embark in the wholesale and jobbing hat business. His long experience in the retail trade was of great advantage to him in his new departure, and although but a new house, he has already build up a good trade throughout the country. The wholesale trade, however, was too slow for him—not enough activity, and having established it so that with his supervision, his son could attend to the minor details, he decided to re-embark in the retail trade with the result above named. Mr. Monahan has a host of friends in the city who will welcome him back to his old line and THE SENTINEL bespeaks for the new firm the most abundant success. Mr. Monahan is already in possession.

HE'S ALL RIGHT.

Representative Peak, of Kentucky, and His Anti-Crinoline Bill.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Feb. 13.—Representative W. S. Peak, of New Bedford, the hoopskirt reformer, is highly delighted at the approbation with which the anti-crinoline bill he introduced in the legislature has been received. He says his bold stand has not only met favor among his constituents, but that he has also received many letters and other expressions of encouragement from large cities in this and other states. The most interesting comes from a member of the New York legislature. It is as follows:

ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 7, 1893.

DEAR SIR:—I see by today's papers that you have introduced a bill to prevent the sale, loaning or wearing of hoopskirts. As I am about to introduce a similar bill in the New York legislature I wish you would send me a copy of your bill at once and oblige. Yours respectfully. [Signed]

FRANK D. SMITH.

Mr. Peak sent the copy of his reform measure at once and expresses the hope that New York and Kentucky will stand together in the important event. His bill is very simply drawn, but he says he has the advice of able lawyers that it is constitutional. Mr. Peak is a lawyer himself, as well as a farmer, and thinks he knows a thing or two.

The world renowned Walter Emerson, the cornetist, and a splendid company of musicians, will appear at the City Y. M. C. A. a week from today.

How's Your Liver?

Is the Oriental salutation, knowing that good health cannot exist without a healthy Liver. When the Liver is torpid the Bowels are sluggish and constipated, the food lies in the stomach undigested, poisoning the blood; frequent headache ensues; a feeling of lassitude, despondency and nervousness indicate how the whole system is deranged. Simmons Liver Regulator has been the means of restoring more people to health and happiness by giving them a healthy Liver than any agency known on earth. It acts with extraordinary power and efficacy.

NEVER BEEN DISAPPOINTED.

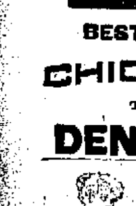
As a general family remedy for dyspepsia, Torpid Liver, Constipation, etc., I hardly ever use anything else, and have never been disappointed in the effect produced; it seems to be almost a perfect cure for all diseases of the Stomach and Bowels.

W. J. McElroy, Macon, Ga.

Burlington Route

BEST LINE

CHICAGO TO DENVER.



None Such CONDENSED Mince Meat

Makes an every-day convenience of an old-time luxury. Pure and wholesome. Prepared with scrupulous care. Highest award at all Pure Food Expositions. Each package makes two large pies. Avoid imitations—and insist on having the NONE SUCH brand.

MERRELL & SOULE, Syracuse, N. Y.

PAGE'S CLIMAX SALVE

A FAMILY BLESSING FOR 25c.

Its action upon the system is unlike any other external remedy, as it never drives the disease to the Internal Organs. Its properties go to the diseased part, and separate all the poisonous and corrupt humors, through the perspiring vessels to the surface, and eradicates the disease from the system. We warrant it to cure Old Sores, Ulcers, Fever Sores, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Eczema, Sore Breasts or Nipples, Boils, Scabby, Burns, Cuts, Bruises, Fistula, Piles, Corns, Bunions, Chilblains, Frosted Feet and all cutaneous diseases on man and beast.

PAGE'S CLIMAX SALVE acts like magic on horses. Good in curing Scratches, Mange, Old Sores, Fresh Cuts, Snake Bites, Bruises, Burns, Saddle and Harness Galls, Chafes, &c. It is warranted to cure in every case, or money refunded. For Sale by Druggists and Dealers in Medicine everywhere, or sent by Mail or Express, prepaid, on receipt of price.

J. P. MILLS, 94 Liberty St., New York.

For Sale at wholesale by Meyer Bros. & Co., No. 8 West Columbia St., Fort Wayne, Ind.



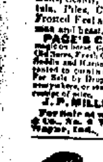
JOHNSON'S MAGNETIC OIL! INSTANT KILLER OF PAIN. Internal and External. For Man or Beast.

Cures Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Lame Back, Sprains, Bruises, Swellings, Stiff Joints, Colic and Cramps Instantly. Cholera Morbus, Croup, Diphtheria, Sore Throat, Headache as if by magic.

THE HORSE BRAND, Especially prepared for Stock. Double strength, the most Powerful and Penetrating Liniment for Man or Beast in existence. Try it and you will never be without it. Large $1 Size 75c., Med. Size 40c.

JAPANESE LIVER PELLETS Act Immediately on the Stomach, Liver and Bowels; dispel Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Fever, Colds, Nervous Disorders, Sleeplessness, Loss of Appetite; restore the Complexion; perfect digestion follows their use. Positively cure Sick Headache and Constipation. Small, mild, easy to take. Large Vials of 50 Pills 25 cents.

GROSS & PELLENS, Druggists and Sole Agents, 94 Calhoun Street, Fort Wayne, Ind.



Hallo! Hallo!

Give me Heine & Israel, the Broadway Paper Men. I am sick and tired looking at my dirty walls, when they are almost giving wall paper away. Give them to me quick. They are practical paper hangers and painters and I know they will do me a good job. They will go anywhere in Fort Wayne and Allen county and hang paper. Don't forget the place.

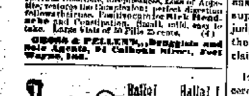
HEINE & ISRAEL, No. 124 Broadway. Fort Wayne, Ind.



NEW LIFE

Dr. E. C. West's Nerve and Brain Treatment, a specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Fits, Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of Brain, causing insanity, misery, decay, death, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Loss of Power in either sex, Impotency, Leucorrhoea and all Female Weaknesses, Involuntary Losses, Spermatorrhoea caused by over-exertion of brain, self-abuse, over-indulgence. A month's treatment $1, 6 for $5, by mail. With each order for 6 boxes, with $5 will send written guarantee to refund money if not cured.

GROSS & PELLENS, Druggists and Sole Agents, 94 Calhoun Street, Fort Wayne, Ind.



LYON & HEALY, 154 to 166 State St., Chicago. Will mail free their newly enlarged Catalogue of Band Instruments, Uniforms and Equipments. Contains Instructions for Amateur Bands, Exercises and Drum Major's Tactics, By-Laws, and a Selected List of Band Music.

Susan B. Anthony believes that womanhood is on the verge of an era of single blessedness. Susan herself is so far beyond the verge as to excite wonder that she should be able to discern what may be occurring there.

Fort Wayne Sentinel.

BY E. A. K. HACKETT.

MONDAY, FEB. 13, 1893.

4176

Is the Daily Average of Our Circulation for the Month of January.

STATE OF INDIANA, ALLEN COUNTY ss:

Personally appeared before me, clerk of the Allen circuit court, Jos. F. Ervin, business manager of The Fort Wayne Sentinel, who makes oath that the actual number of copies of The Daily Sentinel delivered to subscribers and sold to newsboys and news agents, during the month of January, 1893, was as follows:

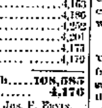
January 2	4,122
January 3	4,130
January 4	4,125
January 5	4,132
January 6	4,143
January 7	4,152
January 9	4,147
January 10	4,207
January 11	4,145
January 12	4,139
January 13	4,152
January 14	4,269
January 16	4,177
January 17	4,136
January 18	4,147
January 19	4,140
January 20	4,151
January 21	4,226
January 23	4,153
January 24	4,127
January 25	4,163
January 26	4,186
January 27	4,252
January 28	4,201
January 30	4,173
January 31	4,179
Total for the month	108,585
Daily average	4,176

Jos. F. Ervin.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 1st day of February, 1893.

Daniel W. Souder, Clerk.

THIS DAY IN THE PAST.



COTTON MATHER

1542—Catherine Howard, fifth wife of Henry VIII, was beheaded.
1554—Lady Jane Grey was beheaded; born 1537.
1663—Cotton Mather, son of Increase Mather and famous in the witchcraft business, born in Boston; died there 1728.
1682—Thomas Thynne, squire of Longleat, murdered in his coach in Pall Mall by three assassins employed by Count Konigsmark; subject of a remarkable sculpture in Westminster abbey.
1689—The convention settled the crown on William of Orange and Mary, his wife, completing the British revolution.
1746—Thaddeus Kosciusko, Polish patriot, American soldier and French citizen, born near Novogrodek, Lithuania; died 1817.
1804—Immanuel Kant, philosopher, died; born 1724.
1871—Alice Carey, author, died.
1886—Horatio Seymour, statesman, died in Utica, N. Y.; born 1810.
1891—William O'Brien and John Dillon, Irish home rulers, surrendered to British authorities and were sent to prison to serve out their terms.

TONIGHT.

MASONIC TEMPLE—"Kidnapped," an interesting Melo drama.
WORLD'S MUSEUM—Stage Show and Curio Hall Attractions.
FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—Meeting of Missionary Club.
LODGES—Phoenix Lodge K. of P.

The legislature will make no mistake if they place the appointing power of our state institutions in the hands of the governor. This will insure competent men and a better government of the institutions.

Nobody notifies the president-elect of the United States that he is entitled to the office. He has to find out for himself by reading the newspapers. The result of the election has been duly declared in a joint session of the two houses of congress, but the law does not provide a messenger to tell Mr. Cleveland that he has been chosen.

Gen. Reub. Williams, of Warsaw, says that in 1873 six generals made an agreement to attend the funerals of each of their number. General Bennett was the fifth to die. He had attended the funerals of the four who had died before him. Now General Williams is the only one left. He attended General Bennett's funeral last Monday.

The numerous friends of Judge James S. Frazer, of Warsaw, will regret to learn that he is lying at the point of death of chronic disease of the kidneys. He is one of the most eminent jurists in Indiana, having served one term on the supreme bench. He was also circuit judge for one term, and a member of the state senate and the Alabama claims commission.

It is anticipated that the inaugural ceremonies at Washington will attract a larger gathering than was ever before congregated in that city on a similar occasion. The leading roads centering there have agreed to carry visitors at half rates. The committees at the national capital are active in making provisions for an immense crowd, and Washington will be put to the test in providing accommodations for the immense throng that will gather within its borders.

The Wabash Plaindealer is threatened with a libel suit because of a funny error. There was a fire in a grocery and in describing it the Plaindealer said that the proprietor hung his old socks in the potato bin and the discarded footwear took fire from spontaneous combustion. Instead of "socks" the Plaindealer intended to say "sacks"—old gunny sacks in which cured meat had been stored. The groceryman wants to be postmaster and claims that the item has ruined his chances.

Who is St. Valentine, that he should have so much money spent in his name every time the anniversary of his birth comes around? History tells us that he was a Christian saint, who was killed in either Rome or Terni in either 270 or 305. History is a bit hazy on this point. He was an Italian priest and he preached Christianity to Claudius II and to Osterius. The latter he converted. This so enraged the emperor that he ordered the preacher to be beheaded. This was done on February 14. It was a great many years before the date of the good saint's death began to be observed, and history doesn't tell us very much as to how it came about. It is known, however, that the ceremonies are traced to the Roman Lupercalia.

Eighty-four years ago yesterday Abraham Lincoln first saw the light in a Kentucky cabin, amid the wretched surroundings attached to poverty and a frontier life. The life of that illustrious man stands out in history as a permanent object lesson to American youth. No man in the long line of distinguished Americans ever rose to prominence from more obscurity and squalor than did the sixteenth president of the United States.

Columbus' Whiskers.

William L. Pierce, of the Chicago real estate board, according to the Tribune of that city, is in trouble. The new one and two cent Columbian postage stamps are the cause of his worry. In the former Christopher is depicted in the act of sighting land, and his face is cleanly shaven. In the two-cent stamp the landing of Columbus is shown and in this picture the great discoverer is represented as the possessor of a full beard. As the two events are recorded as having occurred within twelve hours of each other, Mr. Pierce is at a loss to account for the luxuriant growth of whiskers. While the real estate man is not disposed to doubt nor take issue with the government on matters pertaining to historical accuracy, his own experience in the matter of hirsute adornment leads him to scout the idea of a full beard being grown in twelve hours. Being a patriotic American this pictorial statement of the government is worrying Mr. Pierce and he wishes light on the subject.

Many of the waters of Maryland and Virginia richest in oysters are now frozen over so that oyster catching is suspended, and should the severity of the winter continue thousands of oystermen must be idle. Many of the outlying islands in Chesapeake bay are firmly knit to the mainland by the ice. There will be a rush for the oyster beds when the water opens, and oysters are likely to be very cheap throughout Maryland and Virginia before the oyster catching season closes at the end of April. Speculators are making ready to buy up the early spring oysters at low rates and hold them until the price advances. This is a simple matter, as the tanning of oysters, so to speak, is an old time practice.

The great Yukon river of Alaska is soon to become a highway of commerce by the establishment on it of a regular service of side-wheel steamers. The first boat of the proposed line, now building, will run from St. Michael's island, fifty-five miles from the mouth of the Yukon—at which point it will connect with Norton sound steamers—over twenty-two hundred miles up the river. The fact that Alaska has the third—possibly the second—largest river in North America is not often remembered. The Yukon is only navigable during July, August and September, and it is thought that for the present probably but three or four trips a year may be made.

There is one more church-goer at Orange, N. Y., than there was and it is all owing to an athletic rector. The latter had been urging the man to attend services, and was somewhat astonished at his parishioner's proposition that they should settle the question of his going to church or staying away by a bout with the gloves at the Orange Athletic club. The rector accepted the challenge and gave his parishioner a handsome and effectual drubbing. On the next Sunday the rector on his way to church called for his late antagonist, and the latter faithfully kept his word.

The soubriquet "Evergreen State" has been adopted by many people in the state of Washington, and its fitness is demonstrated by the following report of the weather for the year 1892, from observations made at Fairhaven, Wash., within twenty miles of the forty-ninth parallel of latitude, or as far north as Newfoundland: Sunshine, 183 days; cloudy, without rain, 82 days; slight rain some part of day, 47 days; rain, 49 days; snow, part of two days. During the cloudy days, and days with slight rain, sunshine often intervened.

Young women who are about to be married and who dread the duplicating of their wedding gifts may find a valuable suggestion in the example of a recent bride. She drew up a typewritten list of the things she would prefer and forwarded it to those who were likely to give. As the presents came in she scored them off and sent revised lists around to those who had not given. At first glance the scheme is not attractive, but, divested of its apparent worldliness, it would mean a saving of any amount of time and worry to all kind friends of the family.

A prominent jeweler tells that he sells many daggers to women. These are not ornaments, but serious weapons. They are just large enough to slip easily inside a woman's gown. Some women have these made to order, when they are lavishly adorned and incrusted with precious stones. They are frequently carried in traveling, when they are intended as weapons of defense. They are preferred to revolvers, which are likely to go off summarily and in the wrong direction.

A certain sociological authority claims that heredity is somewhat of a bugbear when the problem of the criminal classes is discussed, and that it is rather a question of getting hold of the child early enough before evil influences have got a firm grip on him. There is undoubtedly good ground for such belief, but experienced students of human nature tell us that the inherited tendency to crime cannot be wholly educated out of the blood, and the police courts furnish daily evidence to corroborate their statements.

While endeavoring to obtain a picture of a comet the other day John E. Lewis, of Ansonia, Conn., caught a meteor on his camera's plate; and Prof. Newton, of Yale, says nothing to compare with this photograph has yet been made. The meteor was very brilliant, and was seen from New York to Boston. It broke in half a dozen pieces and fell near Newburg, N. Y. A fall of snow prevented a search.

A Nebraska man is out for the quail-killing championship of the state. Up to a recent day he had bagged an even thousand and he was fresh on the scent for more.

A STRONG SERMON.

Rev. Father Delaney Upon the Evils of Intemperance.

He Urges the Drinking Man to Leave His Cups and to Resolve Upon a Sober Life.

The cause of temperance has no stronger champion in Fort Wayne than Rev. Father Delaney, priest of St. Patrick's church. He never misses an opportunity to say a word in favor of abstenance from the use of strong drink or to depict the terrible consequences of a life of drunkenness. When he speaks upon this topic his discourse is so earnest, so forcible, so eloquent that his listeners are filled with admiration and the inebriate realizes more fully the perils which attend the votaries of Bacchus.



REV. FATHER DELANEY.

Yesterday, in his pre-Lenten sermon, after the reading of the regulations for Lent, the Reverend Father said: "There is no evil so fearful in its consequence as that of intemperance. It lowers man to the level of the brute creation—aye, he is even worse than the brute when he is at his cups, for the unerring instinct of the brute never fails to operate for the protection of its young, but the drunkard has no sense of responsibility either for wife or children. He robs them of that which as father and protector he is obligated before God to give them—food and support. No wonder children often hate the very sight of a drunken father, no wonder the sad hearted and wretched wife feels her soul almost burst with indignation when night after night she sits up until long after midnight waiting for him who at the altar promised to love, honor and cherish. Now, at the beginning of the solemn season of Lent, let me urge upon you if you are addicted to intemperance to abstain during this holy time of fasting and prayer. Begin a new life and make yourself an upright and respected citizen. No man ever became a drunkard all at once. No man ever became a criminal without first becoming a petty thief. The gallows is the conclusion of a life of crime and is led up to only by a series of criminal acts. If you do not touch the first drop of liquor you will never fill a drunkard's grave. Why today are there so many tramps, some of them mere boys of thirteen or fourteen years of age? It is because in many instances they have never known the meaning of the word home. It is because the father to whom God has entrusted with children has not given them the example which they should have had. Because he has never made their home a happy one and they seek with eagerness to find enjoyment elsewhere. They become drunkards and criminals. There never was a truer maxim than that which says 'like father, like son.'

"O, let me urge upon you, my friend, if you are addicted to drink, give up the fearful habit. Abstain from drink during Lent, and make an earnest resolve never to touch the accursed stuff again. It destroys your body, it destroys your brain, it destroys the happiness of your home, and condemns to everlasting sorrow that soul over whose destiny you alone are the arbiter."

"TWO CROWNS."

The St. Mary's Dramatic Club's Entertainment Tomorrow Evening.

Tomorrow evening, at the Masonic Temple, the St. Mary's Dramatic club will give a grand reproduction of the "Two Crowns, a Tragedy of the Times of Arianism." The scene is laid in Spain, during the sixth and seventh centuries. Seats are now on sale.

Following is given the parts taken by each member:

DRAMATIC PERSONALE.

Leovig, King of Visigoths	G. Miller
Hermigild, His Sons	C. Snowberger
Recared, His Sons	A. Alter
Goswin, Brother-in-Law of King	C. Welder
Arminuel, Duke and Leader of the Army	H. Ams
Sisbert, Conde	A. Reinhart
Frederick	M. Noll
Agilan, Brother of Sisbert	J. Dechelmer
Roderic, Son of Goswin	J. Reinhart
Bosa, Tutor of Hermigild	H. Zurbuch
Chalipe, Commander in Seville	M. Reinhart
Eudolph, Friend of Hermigild	G. Hafner
Commoditis, Officers in Seville	G. Zurbuch
Valorius, Officers in Seville	A. Foley
Quintus, Officers in Seville	P. Zurbuch
Tetras, Officers of the Visigoth	J. Schafer
Onilf, Officers of the Visigoth	O. Reed
Agilulf, Officers of the Visigoth	J. King
Lord of Itala	J. Delle
Blacksmith	L. Rissing
Citizens	R. Kramer, A. Miller, J. Amt, L. Eiffert, E. Schellhauser.
Servant to Hermigild	John Kline
Servant to Leovig	Jos. Gerardin
Sentinel	M. Schrauer
Shepherd Boy	A. Kramer
Jailer	Jos. Schafer

E. Gonzenleiter, liveryman, Pittsburg, Pa., cured a valuable horse of influenza by using Salvation Oil on him for a few days.

The Standard Wheel company started up a part of their works this morning, being the wheel, finishing and rimming departments. The saw mill department will not be in operation for a day or two.

THE BURIED TREASURE.

Rich Hoards Unearthed in Egypt—Professor Oswald Talks About Mines.

In times of war, when civilized nations are obliged to revert to many customs of the primitive races, caverns and hollow trees become often the safest banks of deposit, and in some of the revolution-ridden countries of Spanish America the expedient of burying a pot full of coins is still as common as in Hindostan and Northern Africa, says the San Francisco Chronicle.

The Persians and Hindoos, too, have more faith in a lonely mountain cave than in any other savings bank, and during the hundred years' chaos following the downfall of the Roman empire billions of coins were buried in Southern Europe, but especially in Greece and Italy, where the natives had often no other way of baffling the greed of victorious barbarians. The little town of Ghirgenti, on the southwest coast of Sicily, covers the site of the ancient Agrigentum, once the principal seaport town of the Mediterranean coast lands known as the "Great City" par excellence. The ruins of that great commercial emporium were, however, visited only by antiquarians till 1827, when the discovery of several subterranean treasure vaults created a bonanza sensation that attracted adventurers from near and far. All along the extensive temple ruins of the Discurium and the tombs of Theron and Aristagoras, the ground proved to be honey-combed with artificial caverns, and the total amount of the recovered deposits exceeded in value, if not in archaeological interest, the curiosities unearthed at Herculaneum and Pompeii. In many cases ancient tombs had been utilized for the purpose of the depositor, and thousands of skeletons and coin pots were found side by side.

About eight years ago Frederick Hassaurek, formerly the United States minister at Ecuador, wrote a book to establish the fact that the bulk of the treasure of the Incas did not fall into the hands of the Spaniards, but was buried in 1519 or 1520 in a sandbank on the shores of Lake Titicaca. Tradition says that the accidental discovery of a petrified tree in a gravel bank of the lake shore convinced a Peruvian official that the depths of the bank had for ages remained undisturbed by the storms of the great lake, and that he remembered that circumstance when the rapacity of the Spanish conqueror threatened the hoard of his royal master. Eight wagon loads of precious metals, mostly in the form of golden trinkets, are said to have been buried in stoneware pots, sealed with stone plates and a cup of pitch. As a precautionary measure the workmen who dug the pit were killed and their bodies weighted and thrown into the lake.

By a similar barbarity the Visigoths are said to have secured the secret of King Alaric's tomb, but Captain Saline, the superintendent of a Spanish silver mine in the state of Vera Cruz, found a better method to obviate the risk of treason when the Mexican insurgents proclaimed the republic and prepared to confiscate the property of the Spanish government. The road to Vera Cruz was still in the hands of the royalists, and before removing the silver bars to the coast the wily captain managed to obliterate every trace to the mine by filling up the pits with rocks, blockading the roads, etc., and then bribed the entire population of the little mining village to follow him to Spain.

Since the superintendent had saved them the trouble of a forcible expulsion the Mexican patriots proceeded to take possession of the works that ranked seventh in importance among the twenty-two chief mines of Mexico. The furnace and the hammer works were found in tolerably good repair, and a plain road led up toward the silver pits in the mountains. A guide from the Indian peasant population of the neighborhood was pressed into service and agreed to take them up to a mountain ridge where blasting and quarrying had been going on for time out of his memory.

Subsequent negotiations with the Spanish government led to no definite results, and the search for the lost mine was finally abandoned to private enterprise. Year after year operators from the Sierra de Perote explored the uplands in all directions, and actually discovered a number of promising silver veins, but these bonanzas proved too inaccessible or failed to pay the labor of the miner. The vein real, like the "blue lead" of Yuba county, still evades the prospectors, and it is probable that the secret of the old silver mine has been buried with its last Spanish director.

They Found Their Match.

Two gentlemen, riding from Shipton to Burford together, and seeing the miller of the latter place riding softly before on his sacks, resolved to have some sport with him; so one went on one side, and t'other on the other, saying:

"Miller, now tell us which art thou, more knave or fool?"

"Truly," replied he, "I know not which I am most, but I think I am between both."

The Better Way.

The Brooklyn health protective association rejected the form, "Men must not spit on the floor," which was proposed for a placard to be placed in cars, and adopted this one, "Gentlemen will not expectorate on the floor."

Her Munificent Reward.

A school teacher in England has lately been voted a pension of 3 shillings a week. She is 75 years old and has taught an "infant class" for forty years "at a wage of 4 shillings a week."

Mrs. J. Watson, 1022 Arizona St., Philadelphia, Pa., says: "I think Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup is a splendid remedy; I had to cough night and day, and one bottle relieved me wonderfully."

A Cure for Croup.

If your children are subject to croup, always keep a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy at hand. It is a prompt and certain cure. If given as soon as the croupy cough appears it will prevent the attack. For sale by druggists.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

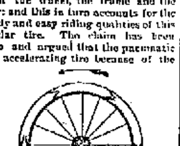
A WORLD'S PROGRESS.

AS MARKED BY LATE SCIENTIFIC DISCOVERIES.

An Invention for Working Hardwood—Chloride for Preventing Rust—Light From Metallic Films—Wonder Workers.

An Accelerating Attachment.

The resilience and feeling action of the pneumatic tire accounts for its freedom from sharp vibration—that potent destroyer of high speed—at the most advantageous place and period of time—i. e., the place of beginning and immediately before the vibration can reach the wheel, the frame and the rider; and this in turn accounts for the speedy and easy riding qualities of this popular tire. The claim has been made and argued that the pneumatic is an accelerating tire because of the rebound of the confined air at the tread. This is clearly fallacious, as the reflex action is exactly equal in both the forward and the rearward direction.



AN ACCELERATING ATTACHMENT.

Ordinarily when pressure, due to weight of rider, is upon a wheel provided with the pneumatic tire, the confined air compresses, moving equally in both directions from the point of contact with supporting surface. The simple arrangement of rubber valves shown in the cut allows the air to move in only one direction, which is always from the forward contact with supporting surface. Does this effect a certain amount of collapsibility of tire at a, the front side of contact, which will not exist at b, the rear of said contact?

To make the philosophy of it clear and assist the reasoning so that the action will not be confounded with the mechanical principle of reaction, which one is apt to do at first glance, imagine the following conditions: Tire partially inflated; valve at a held closed by thumb and finger; weight is put upon wheel, then clearly the air in compartment p. is under higher compression than any of the other compartments. Suddenly release this valve. Is it not then obvious that the wheel will take on a rolling tendency in the direction indicated by the arrow?

For Working Hardwood.

Some ingenious mechanisms for the working of hardwood have recently been introduced. One of these is a boring machine adapted to making holes for blind nailing in hardwood floors, which works automatically, and accomplishes the object in view most perfectly; that is, the stock is carried forward by a fluted roll, and is stopped by a cam at proper distances from the boring of the hole by the bit which operates horizontally, the board being carried on an angle. Another efficient mechanism in this field is a hard-wood flooring apparatus, which takes the rough stock, planes it on both sides and matches it, and has five cutting cylinders, the first having a flexible bar, which allows of the free passage of irregularities in stock and insures the presentation to the second cylinder of a uniform surface, and this is followed by top, side and bottom finishing cylinders; the side finishing cylinders are equipped with a weighted chip-breaker bar, which prevents splintering the stock; the six feed rolls are 9½ inches in diameter, being all geared, and the back rolls are placed beyond the last cylinder, thus carrying all stock clear through the machine—the largest size taking stock of some 16 inches width by 6 inches thickness.

Metal Light.

It is found that a thin, regaline, and coherent film of a metal transmits light of a color remarkably similar to that emitted by its incandescent vapor. The color of the vapor of a metal varies, too, with the temperature; that is, just above its boiling point the vapor of sodium appears purple, and at incandescence yellow; the vapor of potassium is green, and at incandescence violet; silver in distilling gives off a blue-white vapor, while that volatilized by the electric arc passing between silver electrodes emits yellowish green light. The color of the film obtained in many cases agrees very well with that of the incandescent vapor, though in some instances there is no similarity, a fact thought to be due to failure in obtaining proper conditions for the volatilization and deposition—the fact being that the perfection and continuity of the deposits are easily destroyed by very slight changes in the conditions. Though the color of a film will vary somewhat with the thickness, it is found that each metal possesses a strong tendency toward a characteristic color, and this is produced when the film is as thick as it can be to transmit any light.

A Long Flume.

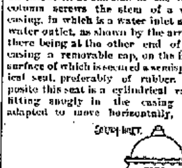
The county of Fresno, Cal., boasts of a flume fifty-two miles long, built of timber throughout and designed for conveying lumber from the place of felling in the Sierra Nevada mountains to the plains below. In section the flume is V shaped, the angle being 90 degrees; the V is 21 inches deep and for the most part 3 feet 7 inches across the top, this width being increased, however, at various points, where a decrease in the grade necessitates a larger volume of water to carry the timber, the lower terminus being 5 feet 4 inches wide by 31 inches deep. The main supply of water is received from a lake near its head, but four additional feeders are led into it at different points along its length. The sides of the flume are constructed of 1½-inch boards, and the structure is carried on trestle work for nearly the whole length, these trestles being as many as 130 feet high in some of the deep canons crossed by the flume. The steepest grade is one of 1,260 feet to the mile, maintained for about 3,000 feet.

Resistance of Stone.

An article of much interest in the Operative Builder emphasizes the fact that, though hardness of stone or resistance to crushing is often regarded as the most important element in construction, yet this resistance to weathering does not necessarily depend upon hardness exclusively or the non-absorbent properties of the material. A hard material of close and firm texture is, however, in these qualities at least, especially fitted to resist friction, as in pavements and road metal, and the wear of rain drops, the blows of waves, etc. Again, according to this writer, an excessive porosity increases the layer of decomposition which is caused by the acids of the atmosphere and of the rain, deepening the penetration of frost, and promoting its work of disintegration; then, too, if the constituents of a rock differ greatly in hardness, texture, solubility, porosity, etc., the weathering is unequal, the surface is roughened, and sensibility of the stone to the action of frost is increased. Further, the condition of the surface, whether rough or smooth, influences the durability, the smoother surface being, of course, the better, the stone being likewise more durable if the exposed surface is vertical than if it is inclined; the lamination of the stone should be horizontal.

An Improved Automatic Boiler Feed.

The feed-regulating valve shown in the illustration, and which has been patented, is positive in operation, not liable to get out of repair, and operates automatically to preserve the exact correct height of water in the boiler. The water column is for convenience made in two parts, a nipple at the top connecting with the steam space of the boiler and one at the bottom with the water space, so that the water will always be at the same height in the column as in the boiler, and will be thus indicated on the water gauge. In an extension at one side of the water column screws the stem of a valve casing, in which is a water inlet and a water outlet, as shown by the arrows, there being at the other end of the casing a removable cap, on the inner surface of which is secured a semispherical seat, preferably of rubber. Opposite this seat is a cylindrical valve, fitting snugly in the casing and adapted to move horizontally, the



FEED-REGULATING VALVE.

valve being beveled on its inner edge to fit smoothly and tightly upon the seat. The valve is open at both ends and its stem extends through the stem of the casing to a pivotal connection with one arm of a bell crank lever, fulcrumed at its elbow on a suitable support, the other long bent arm of the lever having a float secured to its free end. The float has a chamber in its bottom, designed to create an excessive suction, so that, should the valve stick as the water in the column dropped, the suction created by reason of the chamber would cause the float to be pulled down with force to start the valve from its seat. This valve may be used for regulating the supply of water in receptacles other than boilers.

A Great Engineering Feat.

A curious feature or two is mentioned concerning the railway being constructed from Buenos Ayres to Valparaiso—the road beginning at Mendoza, 650 miles from Buenos Ayres and 2,400 feet above the sea. The greatest engineering feat described in connection with this work is the driving of the tunnel where the line crosses the Andes, a tunnel which will be about nine miles long when finished, nearly two miles having already been driven by hand. Progress is now being steadily made by means of the best modern appliances in such a case, workmen being employed at some twenty-two headings, or advanced parts of the tunnel, where the excavation is carried on. It was found inexpedient to reduce the grades for a short distance on either side of the frontier to such a rate that the locomotives could be worked by adhesion—rack rails consequently being laid over this part of the line and locomotives similar to those used on the Pike's Peak railway employed. These work both by adhesion and gearing, the construction being of sufficient power to handle quite heavier trains on a grade of one foot rise in a twelve and one-half foot horizontal distance. It is, of course, a most expensive enterprise.

Might Try It.

Mrs. Blinks—Do you believe that story about a young woman swallowing a razor?

Mrs. Binks—Well, I dunno. Perhaps some one told her that razors were good for the complexion.

THE MARKETS.

New York, Feb. 13.—Butter quiet, about steady; state dairy, 20@29; western, do, 18@24c; Elgins, 30c; state creamery, 25@28c; western do, 23@30c; imitation creamery, 21@25c; rolls, 18@23c.

Cheese, fairly active and firm, state, 10@12c; fancy, 12c; skims, 10@10½c.

Eggs, quiet, steady, state and Pennsylvania, 31c; western, 30½c.

Sugar, raw material, dull; fair refining, 3 1-16c; centrifugal 96 test, 3½c; refined, quiet, steady; crushed, 5 6-16@5½c; powdered, 4 15-16@5⅛c; granulated, 4 11-16@5c.

Union Stock Yards, Ill., Feb. 13.—Cattle, receipts 9,000; weak, 10c@15c lower.

Hogs, receipts, 30,000; weak, 10c@15c lower; heavy, $8.40@$8.50; mixed and medium, $8.25@$8.60; light, $8.25@$8.40.

Sheep, receipts 12,000; weak.

No flowery rhetoric can tell the merit of Hood's Sarsaparilla as well as the cures accomplished by this excellent medicine.

Certain parts of Mexico are having an epidemic of typhus fever. The principal mode of cure is said to be a diet of spiders. However efficacious this may be it must have merit in a tendency to reconcile the patient to death.

"Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" Has been used over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays pain, cures wind colic, regulates the bowels and is the best remedy for diarrhoea, whether arising from teething or other causes. For sale by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, 25c a bottle. Jan 27-1yr.

Rheumatism Cured in a Day.

"Mystic Cure" for Rheumatism and Neuralgia radically cures in one to three days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose greatly benefits. Seventy-five cents. Sold and guaranteed by H. B. Woodworth & Co., Druggists, Fort Wayne, Indiana. dec2-d&w 3 mo

NICKEL PLATE. The New York, Chicago & St. Louis R.R.



Mrs. Mary E. O'Fallon

Raised from the Dead

Long and Terrible Illness from Blood Poisoning

Completely Cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla

Hood's Sarsaparilla

HOOD'S PILLS should be in every family medicine chest.

Pennsylvania Lines.

TIME TABLE

THE WABASH LINE



INDIANAPOLIS TIME CARD.

Every Young Man

who desires a good business position in the World's Fair city should write at once for Prospectus of the famous Metropolitan Business College, Chicago. Unusual facilities for placing graduates. Established 20 years. Occupies its own building. Address O. M. Powers, Principal.

Sheriff's Sale.

Sheriff's Sale.

Application for Liquor License.

ISAAC M. BAILEY.
HENRY HAMMEYER.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

INSURANCE.

S. C. LUMBARD, Insurance, Real Estate and Loans. Aveline House Block.

D. C. FISHER, Insurance, Real Estate, Loans. No. 36 East Berry street. Fort Wayne, Indiana.

JAMES E. GRAHAM, Attorney at Law. Abstractor of Titles. Insurance, Real Estate, Loan, Collecting and Rental Agent. Room 26 Bank Block. Fort Wayne, Ind.

UNDERTAKERS & EMBALMERS.

KEELIN, W. L., Undertaker and Embalmer. Telephone No. 263. Room No. 5 Arcade.

DRUGGIST.

GROSS & PELLENS, DRUGGISTS, No. 8 Calhoun st., Cor. Wayne. Telephone 150.

BANKS.

OLD NATIONAL BANK. Foreign exchange bought and sold. Dollar Deposits Received. Three (3) per cent. interest per annum, paid on certificates of deposit if left four (4) months. Corner Calhoun and Berry Sts.

HAMILTON NATIONAL BANK. Surplus $75,000. The Hamilton National Bank will pay interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum on certificates of deposit if left four months. President—Charles McCulloch. Cashier—John Mohr, jr.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK. Capital and Surplus, $450,000.00. Corner Main and Court Streets. Oldest National Bank in Indiana. Certificates of deposit issued drawing three (3) per cent. interest per annum if left four (4) months. J. H. Bass, President. Lem. R. Hartman, Cashier.

SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS. The White National bank have Fire and Burglar Proof vaults, for the safe keeping of valuable papers, such as wills, deeds, mortgages, bonds, stocks, notes or money, the loss of which cannot very well be replaced in case of fire or robbery. Safes rented at $5.00 per annum. This is a small sum in comparison to the security and safety you enjoy. Each safe is separate. No one, not even the bank, has access to your safe after you have secured the key. The utmost privacy and security prevails. Call and see for yourself. This bank pays three (3) per cent. interest per annum on certificates of deposit left four (4) months. Cor. Wayne and Clinton streets.

HOTELS.

NEW AVELINE HOUSE—Newly refitted and refurnished. Lumbard & Weber, Proprietors.

ENGRAVER.

ED. G. CLOSE, ENGRAVER, Wood and Metal. Cor. Main and Clinton sts.

PHYSICIANS.

DR. S. H. HAVICE, Diseases of the Nose and Throat. Office Hours, 9 to 11 a. m., 2 to 4 p. m., 7 to 8 p. m. Office: No. 42 W. Berry St. Telephone, No. 66.

DR. B. CARD—To ladies suffering from ailments peculiar to their sex, may consult me free of charge at my office, 14 West Wayne Street. Telephone 246.

DR. JOHN BEATON—EYE AND EAR. Office at Dreier Bros.' Drug Store.

F. L. SAYLOR, M. D., Office, 30 Calhoun St.; Phone 189, over Rinkenberg's drug store. Hours, 9 to 11 a. m., 2 to 3 and 7 to 8 p. m. Residence, Hope Hospital.

G. W. BOWEN, M. D., Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon. Office hours for consultation, from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. Sundays, 9 to 12. Office, No. 15 West Main Street, Fort Wayne, Ind. Special attention paid to chronic diseases.

DR. P. BLADE, Eye and Ear, Fort Wayne, Indiana. Office at No. 32 W. Berry St. Office hours, 9 to 12, 1 to 5.

DR. JNO. J. COLE, Office and residence, 87 Holton avenue. Diseases of Nose, Throat, Lungs, Stomach, Liver, Bowels and Nervous Diseases a Specialty. Office hours: 8 to 10, 12 to 2, 7 to 9. Telephone, No. 338.

DR. T. J. DILLS—No. 20 West Wayne Street. DISEASES OF THE EYE AND EAR. Office Hours: 10 to 12 a. m. and 1:30 to 4 p. m.

DR. A. E. BULSON, JR., EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT ONLY. No. 52, 53, 54 Pixley-Long Block. Telephone 413. Hours, 9-12 a. m.; 2-4 p. m.

DR. G. W. McCASKEY, Has removed to his new office building adjoining his residence, 107 West Main st., Telephone No. 141. Also, No. 16, at Woodworth's Drug Store. Hours, 11 to 12, 2 to 3 and 7 to 8.

Dr. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP

We have used Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup in our family for years and find it to be the best remedy for croup and cough. We have used it for our children who are all subject to throat trouble, with excellent results. We prize it very highly.

Mrs. FRANK H. YORK, Oneonta, N. Y.

CHEW LANGE'S PLUGS, The Great Tobacco Antidote—Price 10 Cts. At all dealers.

WANTED.

WANTED—A good tire setter. Call at the standard wheel works. 13-2t

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Mrs. T. E. Ellison, 107 West Wayne street. 7-6t

WANTED—Girls at once also, best of help supplied, at Mrs. Moring's Employment Agency. 11-1mo

WANTED—Girl for general housekeeping. Inquire at 41 West Creighton avenue. Mrs. H. A. Kephager. 11-tf

WANTED—A steady, sober man to collect and canvas. Good salary. W. J. Armstrong, Supt., 41 Pixley Block, Berry St. 27-tf

WANTED—By a young lady of experience, a position as stenographer. Not afraid to work. Address E. S., care Sentinel office. 11

WANTED—Washing and ironing to do, at my residence. Will call for and deliver same. Address, or call on Mrs. Mary Blakley, 45 West Main street, rear part. 17-tf

WANTED—Boarding: private christian families who would like to give a home to one or two young men at reasonable prices, should send their names to D. T. Brown, general secretary of the city department Y. M. C. A. 13-6t

WANTED—Lady or gentleman, with three or four hundred dollars to act as treasurer for a strong dramatic company (repertoire), now ready for the road; will stand thorough investigation. Only those meaning business need apply. A winner for some one. Address, care Sentinel office. 13-2t

SALARY OR COMMISSION.

To agents to handle the Patent Chemical Ink Erasing Pencil. The most useful and novel invention of the age. Erases ink thoroughly in two seconds. Works like magic. 200 to 500 per cent profit. Agents making 50 per week. We also want a general agent to take charge of territory, and appoint sub agents. A rare chance to make money. Write for terms and sample of erasing. Monroe Eraser Mfg. Co., X. 461 La Crosse, Wis.

NOTICE TO CANVASSERS and General Agents—Don't overlook our Iliad to enriching publishers. Deal direct with the manufacturers of the hardest, most varied and fastest selling list of new cash subscription books extant. Sixty days credit at manufacturers' bottom wholesale prices, without ordinary publishers' profit. Exclusive territory. Our low offer is original and unprecedented in the book trade. Address, for illustrated catalog and full particulars, Book Manufacturers' syndicate, box 1403, New York. Mon-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Square piano; will sell cheap. Call at Sentinel office for particulars. 3-tf

FOR SALE—A new eight room house, on Michigan avenue, with all modern improvements. Will sell at a bargain if sold at once. Inquire of J. E. Nelson 112 Calhoun St. 19-6t

FOR SALE—An improved farm, of 207 acres, three and one-half miles southeast of Fort Wayne, also, 80 acres improved land, six miles west of city on the Huntington gravel road. Will give plenty of time on payments. Must be sold. Inquire of J. W. Woods, No. 13 North Olive street, Kansas City, Mo. 11-sat-w-1mo

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Frame house No. 309 Broadway and lead adjoining. Inquire at Nuttman & Co.'s bank. 27-tf

FOR RENT—A nicely furnished room, suitable for single gentleman; three squares from railway street. Apply at 100 East Washington street. 18-tf

FOR RENT—Hall, convenient and centrally located in the city and prefer to rent to lodges or societies; is nicely furnished; will rent cheap to right parties. Address, H. R. H., care Sentinel. 68-tf

LOST.

LOST—A short hard coat book, Friday evening, about 8 o'clock, at the post office, bearing name of S. D. Erm, on middle blank leaf in front. Finder please return to Sentinel office, and [illegible]

HOW TO BUILD A HOME.

HOMES FOR SALE.—I will build any style of house you want on any of my lots and will sell on monthly payments. Now is the time to look for a home and stop paying rent, as property is advancing very rapidly in our city, and in five, six or eight years you can own your own home. J. T. SAWYER, 18 and 11 Pixley & Long Block.

PROFESSIONAL.

DOCTOR MARY WHERY, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Office and residence, 48 Madison street. Specialty—Diseases of women. Office hours 7 to 9 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m., from 7 p. m. to 8 p. m. Telephone No. 62.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MONEY TO LOAN—In sums from $100 to [illegible] at reasonable interest. Notes bought and sold. City and rural property sold and exchanged. Full houses on monthly payments [illegible] per month, 40 acres [illegible] $1,400. Six room house, $800, and a [illegible] and $18 per month; [illegible] city, price $1000. Easy monthly payments. HOEY & BERLTA, Room 22 Bank Block. 14-tf

MONEY TO LOAN—The Tri-State Building and Loan Association will loan you money to pay a mortgage or build you a home at a low rate of interest. Do not pay rent or be a high rate of interest when you can get the money of the Tri-State Building and Loan Association at a low rate and on such easy terms. One thousand dollars at $12, $14 or $17 per month, to suit borrower. Call at the office of the association, rooms 13 and 14 Pixley and Long Block, and secure full particulars. 27-tf

LAKESIDE—The building season of 1893 now about to close, has seen a many handsome improvements in beautiful Lakeside. Nearly 500 people are already residents of that pretty suburb. The coming year is likely to surpass all others in the number of new and beautiful homes that will be erected. Get your plans ready at once. You can make a better contract early in the winter than late in the spring. The Land company will loan you money with which to pay a lot and build. You can pay back in small monthly installments. 31-tf

MONEY TO LOAN—In sums of $100 to $10,000. Lowest rates and easiest terms. Mortgages, notes and commercial paper bought and sold.

BARGAINS IN REAL ESTATE.

New 7-room dwelling, W. Superior st.,	$1,400
Nice 7-room dwelling, Harmer st.,	1,100
Choice 8-room dwelling, E. Wayne st.,	1,500
New 5-room dwelling, Archer ave.,	1,050

City and suburban property, lots, acres, additions, farms, business places, etc., for sale and exchange. J. F. Curtice, Rooms 3 and 4 White Bank Building. oct21-tf

MONEY! MONEY! MONEY!

Stop Paying Rent! Own Your Home!

If you want money to buy a home, or to pay off a mortgage, or to improve your property, or to help you in any way, Come to the

Allen Co. Loan & Savings Association,

Rooms 6 and 7 White's Block, and have your wants supplied on the best possible terms for safety and satisfaction to yourself.

T. C. Rossa, secy. Ed. White, Pres

HUMANE SOCIETY NOTICE.

All parties having knowledge of acts of cruelty to animals or children will greatly favor and assist the Fort Wayne Humane society by telephoning or writing such information to office Moses Rose, corner Wayne and Barr sts. Telephone No. 20.

C. W. BRUNS & CO.,

PLUMBERS.

Agents for the Gurney Hot-Water Heating and Kay Bath Tubs.



Shirts to Order.

A Perfect Fit Guaranteed.

MADE TO ORDER

P. G. KUTTNER,

144 Calhoun Street.



—Life.

RAILWAY RUMBLINGS.

The Car Coupler Bill Passes the Senate.

Accidents and Incidents Pertaining to the People Who Earn Their Bread by the Sweat of the Brow.

The railroad car coupler bill passed the United States senate by a large majority last Saturday. The bill provides:

"That from and after the 1st day of January, 1898, it shall be unlawful for any common carrier engaged in interstate commerce by railroad to use on its line any locomotive engine in moving interstate traffic not equipped with a power driving wheel brake and appliances for operating the train brakes system, or to run any train in such traffic after said date that has not a sufficient number of cars in it so equipped with power or train brakes that the engineer or the locomotive drawing such train can control its speed without requiring brakemen to use the common hand brake for that purpose.

"That on and after the 1st day of January, 1898, it shall be unlawful for any such common carrier to haul or permit to be hauled or used on its line any car used in moving interstate traffic not equipped with couplers, coupling automatically by impact, and which can be uncoupled without the necessity of men going between the ends of the cars.

"That from and after the first day of July, 1896, until otherwise ordered by the interstate commerce commission, it shall be unlawful for any railroad company to use any car in interstate commerce that is not provided with secure grab irons or hand holds on the ends and sides of each car for greater security to men in coupling and uncoupling cars.

"That within ninety days from the passage of this act the American railroad association is authorized hereby to designate to the interstate commission the standard height of drawbars for freight cars, measured perpendicular from the level of the tops of the rails to the centers of the drawbars for each of the several gauges of railroads in use in the United States and shall fix a maximum variation from such standard hight to be allowed between the drawbars of empty and loaded cars.

"That any of the employes of any such common carrier who may be injured by any locomotive, car or trail in use contrary to the provisions of this act shall not be deemed thereby to have assumed the risk thereby occasioned although continuing in the employment of such carrier after the unlawful use of such locomotive, car or train had been brought to his knowledge."

The penalty for violation of the law is fixed at $100 fine for each offense.

HOW TO ACT WHEN MEETING A FRIEND.

When you go to the depot inquire if the train is on time. If the agent replies in the affirmative wait a few minutes and ask him again; he may have been mistaken. When the train arrives get right in the way of the trainmen, baggage man and everybody else that has anything to do, and stay there. When your friend comes run over anyone who happens to lie in your way, to get to them. Rush right up to your friends before they get away from the train, and embrace and kiss them; and stay right there and ask about absent friends. It doesn't make any difference if others do wish to get off or on the train; let them wait; it will teach them patience, and patience is a virtue. Make the largest possible display of your affection for your friends in a crowd, for the crowd will take it all in and believe you mean it. When the train starts keep so close to it that the conductor can't get on without running over you, and then get angry if they jostle you. The fact of your being on hand where you can be seen and heard, is sufficient reward for all the trouble and inconvenience you may cause others. N. B.—Don't forget to talk at the top of your voice all the time; that will please everyone.—Ex.

NO ADVANCE IN WAGES.

The General Managers' association of the railroads entering Chicago has given official notice in advance of any demands from their employes that they will not be disposed to consider any demands for an increase in wages. There was a full meeting of the association Saturday at which the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, Examinations show that the wages of Chicago railway employes are now as high as any in this country under like conditions; therefore, be it

Resolved, That it is the sense of every railroad terminating in Chicago that the conditions existing will not justify any advances.

The association embraces the general managers of twenty-one railroads running into Chicago.

Agent J. A. Stevenson, in charge of the freight department of the Lake Erie and Western railway at Muncie, has resigned his position and is being checked out of the office of traveling auditors. Mr. E. G. Hayler, of Sandusky, Ohio, is acting agent. Mr. Hayler is a young man in years but old in experience in the freight department of the Lake Erie and Western, having acted in the capacity of chief freight clerk at Sandusky for several years.

THE NEFF MEDAL.

The committee representing the general assembly, appointed to confer a medal on Richard Henry Neff, the Lake Erie and Western railway brakeman who signalized his bravery some weeks ago at the Wabash river wreck, has selected a badge bearing the great seal of the state and inscribed, "For bravery, January 19, '93." The medal is of gold, and is surmounted by the American eagle and a stand of colors. On the reverse side is the additional inscription: "Presented by virtue of a resolution of the general assembly, adopted January 23, 1893."

The committee has directed that the medal shall be dated "February 22, 1893, because patriotic action should commemorate a patriotic day."

It will be presented to Mr. Neff by the legislative joint committee on that day.

DAILY MENTION.

Theodore Kucher has recovered from his recent sick spell.

F. Ryan has resigned his position in the Pittsburg paint shop.

Daniel Boyle is setting up an electric light plant at Kendallville.

Frank Haven has resigned his position at the electric light works.

Fireman Uplegger, of the electric light works, is off duty on account of sickness.

Hank Reider, machinist at the Kerr Murray works, was a visitor at Arcola yesterday.

A broken truck under a freight car at Grovertown held No. 5 three hours yesterday.

Wabash train No. 42 was delayed three hours this morning by an engine breaking down.

Machinist J. S. Ross is repairing the Pennsylvania company's pump at the St. Mary's river.

Mr. Dickerson is looking after the electric light company's interests in Warsaw this week.

Leland Stanford and party of six passed through the city in a special car on No. 4 this morning.

W. Zimmerman, formerly of the Wabash shops, has taken a position in the Pittsburg boiler shop.

L. E. Thayer left last night for the Atlantic states in the interest of the Fort Wayne Organ company.

Al Throckmorton and James Roach are on the sick list. Both are employed in the Pittsburg blacksmith shop.

George Mason, of the Pittsburg blacksmith shop, has been confined to his bed for a week with la grippe.

C. Moran has returned to his work in the Standard wheel works, after a few days absence with an injured hand.

Machinists John Sinclair, Henry Mennewish and L. H. Misner, of the Pittsburg shops, are on the sick list.

Manager D. B. Kehler, of the Fort Furniture company, has returned from a two weeks tour of the southern states.

Albert Ewald, the boilermaker in the Pittsburg shop, who was injured by a fall a week ago, is now able to return to his work.

Owen Barry's furnace in the Pittsburg blacksmith shop having been repaired the men all returned to work this morning.

Thomas Duncan, superintendent of the metre department at the electric light works, is at St. Louis in the interest of the company.

Foreman George H. Judy, of the Pittsburg blacksmith shop, has returned from a visit to Pennsylvania. He was gone one week.

A 180-horse power generator and a 1,200 incandescent light machine were shipped to Baton Rouge, La., this morning by the Electric Light company.

Charles Lincoln, formerly a wiper in the Pittsburg round house, has taken the position in the machine shop formerly held by the late Peter Hoffman.

Sidney Munger has taken a position in the Pittsburg machine shop. He formerly worked in the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern shops at Elkhart, Ind.

Frank Opals and Frank Girardo are off duty today on account of their furnace breaking down. They are employed in the Pittsburg blacksmith shop.

Fred Lindenberger, the young man who had his hand mashed a few days ago at the Standard wheel works, will not lose any of the fingers. He is getting along nicely.

Conductor Mauk is still confined to his bed. It is now one week since he was able to sit up. His friends are considerably worried about his illness, though it is thought he will soon recover.

Anthony Fisher, A. Renner, Joseph Carry, I. Bott, Anthony Haverly and David Rosch, blacksmiths at the Pittsbury shops, are at work again after an absence on account of accidents and sickness.

Conductor W. S. Studor, who has charge of the Valparaiso and Chicago accommodation, is lying at the point of death with cancer of the stomach. His train is now in charge of Conductor Prindiville.

Mr. and Mrs. Tony Girard, of Grand Rapids, spent Sunday with the gentleman's parents in this city. They returned home this morning. Tony is the yardmaster for the Grand Rapids and Indiana road at Grand Rapids.

Rev. D. S. Kennedy, formerly pastor of the Third Presbyterian church in this city, but now of Altoona, Pa., was a passenger on a west bound Pittsburg train Friday. Mr. Kennedy told Conductor Donivan that on his return he would stop off here a day or two. He was enroute to Sioux Falls, Iowa, to visit his father.

W. Snyder, J. Myron, H. Hough and D. Hewitt, brakemen on the west division of the Pittsburg road, have been promoted to conductorships, and Joe Keeler, freight conductor, has been promoted to the passenger service.

Five more men were employed in the Pittsburg shops this morning. L. Lantener and P. Schenk were engaged to work in the shipping department and S. Dunbose, J. Fry and C. Schneider were assigned to the lumber department.

The gas main on Lafayette street sprang a bad leak at the railway crossing last night. Workmen had considerable trouble in repairing the line on account of the great quantity of water which continually poured into the excavation.

All the switchmen implicated in the recent Lake Erie and Western strike in Muncie were assessed $20.16 each as their part of the costs in the trial in the United States court. Each and every one had to liquidate the amount Friday.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. M. Philley, of Summit farm—a boy. This is the first son in a house where there are many children—all girls. H. A. Philley, the uncle of the new boy, and the father of five girls, is as proud of the youngster as the parents.

Frank Crawford, an employe of Rhinesmith & Simonson, was informed yesterday by telegraph of the serious illness of his father, who lives at Findlay, Ohio. Frank left on the Pittsburg No. 8 last night for Findlay. The sick man is a justice of the peace and a prominent citizen of his town. He is not expected to live.

Adolph Wichman was the recipient Saturday of a valuable and complete set of machinist's tools. The present came from his shop mates in the Bass works. Mr. Wichman felt so grateful to the "boys" that he invited them out that evening for a ride. Accordingly a sled load of them went to New Haven and dined at the Cook house.

Pittsburg round house report: Engineers O. R. Silverwood, S. F. Craig and W. Martin, sick; Firemen J. Frye and D. H. Wilbert, sick. Returned to duty: Engineers H. Shelvey, M. Stafford, C. Lahr, W. Slagle, J. Leeper, T. McCarthy, B. F. Thompson and J. G. Carman, Firemen J. Catter, N. Miller, S. Gable, J. Saiter and C. G. Miller.

Uncle David Andrews, the veteran boilermaker in the Pittsburg shop, gave his shopmates a very pleasant surprise this morning by reporting for work. Uncle Davy has been very ill. For three weeks it was an uncertain battle with death, but a strong constitution and indomitable will won the contest and after three months absence Mr. Andrews is again at his usual occupation.

A train on the Pittsburg railroad passed through town Friday which carried an unusual load and, of course, excited considerable attention. Twenty-one cars of it were loaded with parts of the great Krupp gun which is to be on exhibition at the world's fair in Chicago this summer. Much of the load was boxed up, but occasionally a heavy piece of the ponderous mechanism was visible. The barrel of the gun will soon pass along. It weighs 120 tons and will ride on thirty two pairs of heavy trucks.



Comes back—every cent that you've paid for Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, if you have not found the help that you need. But, if you're a tired and feeble woman, or a delicate and ailing one, it's a remedy that's sure to give it.

Practically, it's sold on *trial*. That's what it amounts to. If it doesn't give satisfaction, in the building-up and strengthening of overtaxed womanhood, and the complete cure of all the delicate derangements, functional disturbances, and painful disorders peculiar to the sex—then you have your money back.

You'd think that any medicine could be sold so, if it did all that's claimed for it. Exactly.

But the fact remains that out of all the medicines for women, "Favorite Prescription" is the only one that's sold on such terms.

Knowing these things, it's an insult to your intelligence to have something else, that pays the dealer better, offered as "just as good."

"HAH-VAH-E-E".

Peculiarities of the Sandwich Islands Language Sounds.

"How do you pronounce the name of the island kingdom which wants to be annexed to the United States?" is a question frequently propounded and variously answered nowadays. The most commonly accepted pronunciation and the one authorized by Lippencott's, Worcester's, Webster's and the Century's dictionaries, is, for the name of the principal island of the group, "Hah-wi-e," the second syllable accented, and the "I" pronounced as in "pine." The same question was once asked of a high caste Hawaiian lady, well educated in her own and the English language. She answered:

"The proper pronunciation is Hah-vah-ee. There is no 'w' in our alphabet, and no letter nor combination of letters which takes the sound of 'w,' as in English. The missionaries who first translated our language found it difficult to pronounce or express the sound which is, to my ear, correctly conveyed by the letter 'v,' softened and made full. Our 'a' is pronounced broad, as you pronounce it in 'fall,' and our 'I' is like the English 'e.' The rule is to pronounce every vowel, and as the exception to the rule does not affect the double 'I' in Hawaii, you will see that the word is 'Hah-vah-ee.'"

In the olden times what is now known as "typhus fever" was known by the names of "jail fever," "putrid fever," and "spotted fever." Its present name is from the Greek word "typhus," which means "a mist," and refers to the great stupor which is one of the symptoms of the disease. It is an eruptive disease, highly contagious, and formerly much more fatal than now. Persons infected can be removed into clean, healthy quarters, where the air is pure, and be nursed to health with comparatively little danger to the attendants. It only breeds where there are impurities.

The North Galveston Brick Plant.

The kiln of red pressed brick that was opened a few days ago at North Galveston, Texas, revealed a quality of material which was pronounced by experts as fully equal in density, durability and color to the best St. Louis pressed brick. The North Galveston Brick company is a pretty big concern. The machines, buildings, yards and general capacity equals some of the best plants in the country. More factories being built, a steady increase in population and an abundant influx of capital seems to be the present record of this thrifty young city. For particulars call on or address Wm. Miller, No. 5 West Main street, Fort Wayne, the local agent, or address the North Galveston Association, Box 663, Minneapolis, Minn.

Niemann's Pharmacy, Telephone 477, 88 Calhoun street.

LONDON'S WATER SUPPLY.

It Passes Through Subsidence Reservoirs and Filter Beds.

All the companies supplying river water, whether from the Thames or Lea have subsidence reservoirs, into which the water is first turned for the purpose of allowing such of the suspended solid matter as will to settle as well as filter beds, through which the water must afterward pass before entering the reservoirs supplying the public, but the mode in which the filter beds are constructed differs.

Thus the depth of the materials of which the filtering bed is made up varies from a total of eight feet at the Chelsea waterworks three feet six inches at the East London waterworks. In the materials employed by the Grand Junction company, at the Kew bridge waterworks there is a foot of coarse gravel, six inches of the hoggin (screened gravel), and three feet of sand. A good rate of percolation is four inches an hour, so that it would take about nine hours for the water to pass through a sand bed of this depth.

The nature of the material used for filtering also varies slightly. Without going into unnecessary detail it may be sufficient to say that a layer of fine sand, varying from two feet to four and one-half feet in depth, forms the surface in each case. Layers of shells, hoggin, coarse gravel and bowlders, or some of these materials, form the lower strata of the filter bed, but it seems to be universally agreed that the surface of the bed is a more important factor than the lower layers.

The late Sir Francis Bolton, who was the water examiner appointed under the provisions of the metropolis water act, 1871, in his work entitled "London Water Supply" refers to a curious fact in connection with filtration. He observes that, according to theory, a well ascertained rate of the destruction of the efficiency of the filter bed could be calculated, assuming that filtration was merely a mechanical process, but that in practice the filter beds retain their efficiency to a markedly greater extent.

His explanation is that filtration is a chemical as well as a mechanical process, and that in passing through the filter bed the water is not only strained but oxydized. It is well known that running water has a self-cleansing power, and that the exercise of that power is increased when the body of water is broken up by falling over either weirs or weirs. Sir Francis Bolton simply suggests that the interstices in the filter bed, containing globules of air, according to the well known theory that all solid bodies attract about them an atmospheric film, practically compel the water to pass through a chemical filter of compressed oxygen and nitrogen, which obligingly relieves the water of its impurities by chemical changes as it passes. Thus the frisky comma or the lively typhoid germ may not break its neck by passing over a weir, but merely prolong its existence to be deprived of sustenance by oxydization—or, in other words, to be starved to death by a surfeit of life-giving gas.

In the early days of the domestic filter it was by no means an uncommon thing for the filter to be retained in use without attention until it actually became so clogged with impurities as to be unable to perform its functions. It may be so still in many households, for the public are astonishingly slow to learn or adopt means of security. It need scarcely be said that a neglected filter is of little use, and may even communicate contamination.

The water companies, therefore, observe the flow through the filter beds, and at frequent intervals, suggested by experience, cause the surface of the sand to be removed for cleaning and at longer intervals the whole bed to be entirely renewed.

The supply for all purposes, including domestic, street watering, sewer flushing, fire extinction and trade is now about 200,000,000 gallons a day.

The area of supply extends far beyond the boundaries of the county of London and is estimated to contain a population of 5,500,000. Rather more than half the water supply is taken from the Thames, about 39 per cent. is drawn from the Lea and the remainder from springs and wells. It is evident that the purity of the river water as delivered to its consumers is of primary importance, and that any impurity in the company's reservoir or mains may have a very serious influence upon the health of London.—Pall Mall Gazette.

POINTS ON GLOVES.

The Latest Paris and London Styles Minutely Inscribed.

Few women understand how to choose gloves. They may know stray points about current fashions, but why one color is in better taste than another, what makes the suede preferable to the glace, if it is preferable, and how to determine between qualities are bewildering mysteries, and nearly all women in my experience buy only on chance and are making perpetual experiments.

The other day in my interview with Charles Lee, the English court glover and hosier, he showed me some gloves being prepared for royalty, and gave me some points that showed up to advantage others than myself.

The suede or undressed glove is made with the hair side of the skin out; the glace or dressed kid is made with the inside of the skin out.

In choosing a suede glove examine the inside. If the inside is smooth the chances are it is not kid, but lamb. Real kid is roughened inside in process of finishing, but the cheaper lambskins are usually left smooth. It is difficult and disagreeable to put on a glove that is smooth inside. It slips when it ought to cling.

The best skins come from Grenoble, where the young animals run about tame in the streets like cats. Poor little kids! They are cultivated for nothing but their skins. To make the suede glove the most carefully selected of the young animals yield up their jackets. They must never have eaten anything but milk.

The older kids that have fed on grass make the thicker suede glove, the finer ones used for day wear.

A good glover studies the hand of his customer even more carefully than the dressmaker studies the figure. The "farmer," he has to fit are almost microscopic, and yet there are decided differences in hands. There are queer similarities, too. For example, the queen has an extraordinary wide span from the tip of the first finger round to the tip of the thumb, and all her descendants have the same idiosyncrasy. These royal customers are fitted with utmost care. A glove is rubbed on and the changes required are calculated by the eye. It is then taken carefully off and the mold used for a pattern.

American women, Lee says, have the smallest hands of any women that buy in the London shops, and certain small sizes have to be kept especially for their calf. The only small hands in England, as near as I can learn, are Lord Wolseley's, who, though an enormous man, wears in gloves a lady's sevens.

The fashionable and most universally worn gloves are the suede, though there is said to be an attempt in Paris to bring the glace in again. With its almost satin surface it is much more like the quality of the hand than the glazed kid, and for this reason is more agreeable to the eye. Both day and evening gloves are suede by preference.

Gloves for day wear are four buttoned, with large metal or bone buttons, fastened securely on with eyelet and swivel, a tape running through the buttons. They are made of the thicker suede skins, with lapped seams and called "cheveretto" gloves, this being the French word for a doe and signifying that the gloves are made of the older skins.

Another durable street glove is made of Russian sheep or fine calf, glace outside, in reddish tan shades, with welted stitching in the back, with four large gilt buttons, and scented like other Russian leather. There is also a glace waterproof glove said to be so dressed that it will stand rain.

Evening and all fine dress gloves are made mousquetaire. A long glove cannot well be buttoned along the arm.

The newest idea in black gloves is to sew them with the seams inside, to obviate the white edges, which show otherwise. Her majesty's gloves, of the finest suede black, are made in this way.

Taste shown in gloves depends largely on choosing unobtrusive colors. The best tint is nearly like the hand, only without the pink, and a little darker. Positive colors make the hand conspicuous. So does black, especially if worn with colored dress. True, the queen always wears black, but she is usually in black dress, and besides nobody pretends that she is a model in taste. So does Yvette Guilbert, the Paris cafe concert singer, and on purpose to produce a bizarre effect in contrast with a light gown. Nobody else at present wears black except in mourning.

A tint made of gray and brown mixed, very near the tone of the hand, but a trifle darker, is always very good and refined and is also at this moment the fashionable choice for evening and dressy gloves. It is called "mode" color. A still lighter tint, a sort of ivory, known here as "champagne," is also worn for evening.

Street gloves are in all shades of brown and grays to match tweeds and homespun fabrics.

The question of cleaning gloves seems not yet to be solved. I have heard of a process of dry cleaning, but the ordinary cleaner finds it impossible not to stretch the glove more or less out of shape.

The process of dry cleaning is simplicity itself and worth trying. Buy a few cents' worth of pipe clay at a chemist's; put on your gloves and rub them well in the clay. Shake off the clay. This is all.

The best way to care for gloves is to keep them in flannel. Stretch them out their length and lay them with the flannel between.—Chicago News-Record.

SENSE OF SMELL.

The Marvelously Delicate Machinery Set in Motion by an Odor.

What a marvelously delicate machinery is set in motion when we smell the fragrance of a rose! Simple as that pleasurable sensation seems to us, it involves the activity of agencies and forces that the imagination can scarcely grasp. It has been shown that the minute cells at the ends of the olfactory nerves in the nose bear the most delicate little hairs, and it is believed that these hairs are the active agents in producing the sense of smell.

Yet when we come to inquire into the manner of operation of these cells and hairs we find that it is even more wonderful than the delicacy of the mechanism itself.

It has been suggested that at least one special cell and the nerve fiber connecting it with the brain may be affected by each different smell-producing substance. But, as Prof. Rutherford remarked at the meeting of the British association last August: "It would be a somewhat serious stretch of imagination to suppose that for each new smell of a substance yet to emerge from the retort of the chemist there is in waiting a special nerve terminal in the nose."

He thinks it is more reasonable to suppose that all the hairs of the olfactory cells are affected by every smell-producing substance, and that the different qualities of smell result from differences in the frequency and form of the vibrations transmitted through these cells to the brain.

According to this view there is something in musk, something in the rose, something in the violet and the lilac, something in every substance, which produces a smell either agreeable or offensive, that is able to so affect the hairs and cells of the olfactory machinery of the nose as to set their connecting nerves in vibration, and the rate of this vibration varies for every different substance!

We are reminded that the differences of both sounds and colors also result from variations in the rate of vibration, although sounds are produced by the air, and colors by that mysterious medium called the luminiferous ether. If smells also result from varying vibrations, what a surprising glimpse of the inner unity of nature that fact gives us!—Youth's Companion.

Aluminum For Horseshoes.

Capt. E. Lambert, writing on the subject of the recent experiments with aluminum horseshoes in the Finland dragoons, says that at the end of six weeks it was found that the aluminum shoes lasted better and preserved the foot more thoroughly than the iron ones. The former are only one-third to one-fourth the weight of the latter. Their cost is certainly greater, but this is to some extent compensated for by the facts that very little charcoal is required in shoeing, that there is no loss in weight and that the value of the old metal is the same as that of the new. In making the shoes some skill is required, as the forging must be done at a low but exactly regulated temperature. Taking into consideration the importance of light shoes, especially for horses doing fast work, and the advantage of being able to carry a larger number of spare shoes on a campaign without increasing the load of the wagon, and lastly, the probability of a fall in the price of aluminum, Capt. Lambart thinks it safe to predict the general introduction of aluminum for the shoes of cavalry and artillery horses in the near future.—Philadelphia Bulletin.

Thoughtless Cruelty.

"It surprises me that half the children in this country do not grow up minus an arm," said an observer of men and things. "Do you see that woman walking with a little child? Now, notice her when she crosses the street." At the crossing the woman lifted the child by one arm; it dangled in the air and its feet did not touch the earth until it was across the street, when the mother dropped it on the sidewalk. "She is safely over," continued the philosopher, with a sigh of relief, "but I was afraid at one time the arm would be wrenched from its socket. Now that is a sight you can witness every hour of the day—mothers dragging children out of the street cars, across the street or up a flight of stairs by one arm. I wonder how the mothers would like it if a being four times as large as themselves should suddenly swoop down and lift them by one arm. I'd like to see it tried once, I just would."—Chicago News.

—There is one lover who told the truth. "Reference is made to Adam. When he told Eve 'You are the first woman I ever loved' he was not dissembling.—Boston Transcript.

TOWERS COME HIGH.

London to Have One Which Will Overtop the Paris Giant.

[London Correspondence.]

Sir Edward W. Watkin, a railroad President and promoter of England, has found that the financial features of the Eiffel Tower—that is, the amount of income derived therefrom—justifies the construction of a similar edifice in London, and has made the contracts for a steel tower to be erected in one of the parks of London, this to have a height, including the base, of over 1,300 feet. The tower part proper will be over 150 feet higher than the Eiffel Tower, and the construction will vary in a number of respects from that notable structure. As an income-earning investment the Eiffel Tower has proved a wonderful success. Every stranger who has during the last two or three years visited Paris has considered his stay incomplete if he has not ascended to the top of that monument, and the view afforded from that elevation has certainly justified the trouble and expense. There is little doubt, in spite of the more cloudy and foggy atmosphere of London, that a high tower there will command a large patronage, and it is not improbable that structures of a similar kind in several of our great American cities would pay largely on the cost of building them.

The Advertising

Of Hood's Sarsaparilla is always within the bounds of reason because it is true; it always appeals to the sober, common sense of thinking people because it is true; and it is always fully substantiated by endorsements which, in the financial world, would be accepted without a moment's hesitation.

For a general family cathartic we confidently recommend Hood's Pills.

An Invaluable Remedy for Colds.

Sheriff Hardman, of Tyler county, W. Va., was almost prostrated with a cold when he began using Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. In speaking of it he says: "It gave me almost instant relief. I find it to be an invaluable remedy for colds." For sale by druggists.

The dynamo does not, as many suppose, make or manufacture electricity. It simply collects it, draws it from the vast supplies of Nature, just as the mill dam collects together the waters of a hundred tiny streams that empty into it and conducts them all in one sturdy stream to the mill wheel for effective work.

The Change of Life.

Women nearing this critical period require strength, health, and cheerful spirits.

The sole aim of this time should be to keep well.

The invaluable aid always is *Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.*

The girl about to enter womanhood can find the same assistance from the same source.

Mrs. W. W. Culner, Palatka, Fla., writes:—

"I was in ill health from change of life. I took your compound and am now well. I recommend it as the best remedy for all weakness through the many changes which all women have to pass from early life to the grave."



All druggists sell it. Address in confidence, Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co., Lynn, Mass. Lydia E. Pinkham's Liver Pills, 25 cents.

Fort Wayne, Lafayette, Terre Haute, Jackson.

Buy your Furniture, Carpets, Baby Carriages, Etc., at which ever of our four stores is the most convenient to you.

In each of the above cities you will find an acre of floor surface, filled with the most complete line of Stylish and Well-Made Furniture shown by any house in the west.

Also a very elegant assortment of

Ingrain, Brussels, Velvets and Moquette Carpets.

We make a run upon the most celebrated makes of Baby Carriages, keeping an immense stock, and selling them at prices far below all competitors. We have been repeatedly told during the past three months that we are selling at $10 to $15, as fine Carriages as can be had anywhere else at from $15 to $25.

Test this statement for yourselves.

Decorated Bedroom Crockery Sets.

We show one hundred different designs and colorings. A handsomely Furnished Bedroom is hardly complete without one of these sets.

FOSTER

Furniture & Carpet Co.

MASONIC TEMPLE.

Monday, Feb. 13th.

ANDERSON'S COMPANY PRESENTING

The Great Big Success,

"KIDNAPPED!"

THE ONLY REAL NOVELTY IN TOWN.

A Sensational Melo-Drama.

A Succession of Novelties, Surprises and Wonderful Stage Mechanism.

Prices, 25, 50 and 75c.

NOBBY

Fall - Styles

—IN—

Worsted Suitings, Scotch Cheviots. Landau Novelties in Fine Trowserings, Fancy Vestings.

Fall and Winter Overcoatings at

A. FOSTER,

15 West Wayne Street.

22nd ANNUAL

Masquerade Ball

GIVEN BY THE

Fort Wayne Saengerbund

—AT—

PRINCESS RINK

Schrove Tuesday,

February 14th.

Riecke's Full Orchestra will render the Musical program. Tickets admitting Lady and Gentleman $1.00. Extra Lady Tickets 50c.

Tickets for sale by the members.

HE IS HAPPY!



Because His Mamma Says That He Can Attend the

Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen

BALL

FEB. 13, 1893,

At Princess Rink.

$5 will be given to the best Lady Waltzer, and the gentleman will be treated in a like manner.

By order of the Arrangement Committee:—

L. A. BOSLKER,
R. F. MILLER,
L. V. COMBS,
H. E. HUNT,
W. H. HAYS.

ROBERT SPICE,

WATERWORKS AND GENERAL PLUMBING! Natural Gas Fitting.

A Full line of waterworks and plumbing goods. Pumps, Wind Mills and Drive Wells.

48 W. Main St.,—Telephone 261

WAH KEE & CO.,

—Importers of—

Fine Teas, China and Japan Goods. Fine Laundry Work.

No. 8 West Wayne Street, Fort Wayne; Indiana.

I. M. E. RIEDEL

ARCHITECT.

SCHMITZ BLOCK, Third Floor.

Larger Quarters, Better Accommodations —AND— More Private.

THE BUFFINGTON INSTITUTE,

For the cure of Liquor, Morphine and Tobacco Habit, Has been moved to

544 South Calhoun St.

Where patients can be treated and cured. Any one can be treated and attend to their daily occupation at the same time.

Men that have been slaves to the use of alcoholic stimulants for the past ten, fifteen or twenty years, have no desire for whisky after taking the treatment for from thirty-six to forty-eight hours, and have a fearful horror for the miserable fate they have escaped.

Call or address,

BUFFINGTON INSTITUTE, FORT WAYNE, IND.

I have removed to Corner Lewis and Calhoun Streets (opposite Library Hall).

James Madden,

Plumber, Steam and Gas Fitter.

FOR RENT!

After January 1st, 1893,

For a Period of Five Or Ten Years.

The Five-Story Building next door to the Sentinel Office, on Calhoun St., Occupied by J. A. Armstrong, as a Wholesale Milliney Store.

CALL AT SENTINEL OFFICE

H. J. ASH,

REMOVED ACROSS THE STREET,

Into his new building which was built for the business, and he is in much better shape to take care of his business than ever before. All kinds of gas work done. A specialty of replacing burners and connecting stoves, which can be done on short notice. If you are needing a new stove this spring call and look at his line of Cook Stoves, Ranges, Gas and Gasoline stoves, before buying, at 16 East Columbia Street.

OTTO G. KLINKENBERG, Druggist, 80 AND 80 1-2 CALHOUN STREET.

Has secured from the manufacturers the EXCLUSIVE AGENCY for the sale of

TANSILL'S PUNCH 5¢

in the city of Ft. Wayne.

Souvenir PLAYING CARDS given free to smokers of TANSILL'S PUNCH, guaranteed to be absolutely the BEST FIVE-CENT CIGAR MADE.

THE R. W. TANSILL CO., Manufacturers, NEW YORK, CHICAGO, SAN FRANCISCO.

One Agent—dealer only—wanted in every town (or if a city, neighborhood).

ESTABLISHED 1845.



J. C. PELTIER. 17 W. Wayne St.

Office Telephone, No. 35. Residence Telephone, No. 36.

ROBERT OGDEN,

Plumbing, Steam and Gas Fitting. Metropolitan Automatic Injector.

General Repairing.

26 EAST BERRY ST.

A. HATTERSLEY & SON,

PLUMBERS,

Steam and Gas Fitters.

43 East Main St.,

FORT WAYNE, ... IND

E. KRAMER,

SIGN PAINTER.

90 EAST MAIN STREET.

Finest and Best work, Cheapest place in the city.

THE STORE IS--+ THE HARBINGER +--OF SPRING.

Inventory over—the thirty-third year of its existence well on its way.

THE MUSLIN UNDERWEAR SALE

Goes off with the best start known. Its first and second day's sale ahead of any former ones.

STRONG POINTS.

The largest line of Underwear, the most excellent line, best made, best finished, the most perfect fitting

LINE OF MUSLIN UNDERWEAR

Ever brought to this city, and this stronger point—the lowest priced line of good underwear ever shown anywhere.

THURSDAY

WILL BE A BIG DAY.

We will offer unusual values in good lines at 25c, 28c, 30c, 32c, and up to 58c.

New Wash Fabrics.

Scotch Ginghams in Zephyrs at 12 1-2c.
Novelty Ginghams in Seersucker effects.
Silk Stripes, Lace Stripes, 20c, 25c and 30c.
Pretty Percales—great goods for Shirts and Boy's Waists, at 10c and 12 1-2c.

WHITE GOODS

Lovely new things just in. India Linens, Nainsooks, Dimities, New Dotted Swisses, Lawns, Printed Swisses in new handsome designs. This department is full of elegant new novelties; see them.

THE NEW EMBROIDERIES.

Are simply exquisite. Ladies are taking hold of them freely. The choice of the season is before you—the ones that cannot be duplicated. See the new matched sets, the lovely blind embroideries, infants' embroideries. Colored embroideries will cut quite a figure the coming season. Our stock shows many pretty things in colors.

Take a stroll over the store daily and see the many pretty new goods.

ROOT & COMPANY.

The Woman's Auxiliary Missionary society of Trinity Episcopal church will hold their annual Shrove meeting tomorrow afternoon at 2:30 o'clock, in the parish house. An interesting program has been prepared with regard to Lenten work. A pancake supper will be served from 6 to 8 o'clock. All are cordially invited.

J. H. Bilderback, special agent of the Union Central Insurance company, has recovered from a severe attack of rheumatism.

The attraction at the Masonic Temple tonight is Anderson's sensational melodrama "Kidnapped." It is a production of strong dramatic interest, spiced with some comedy. A number of novel mechanical effects are introduced, notably a police patrol wagon drawn by a span of magnificent horses, also a coupe, such as seen on the streets, in which the heroine is abducted.

The "Kidnapped" company is at the Aldine. They arrived in the city last night.

Still They Come!

Excitement At Fever Heat!

Everybody Scrambling for the Bargains we are Offering at Our

- Great SLAUGHTER Sale -

OF THE

Original Pete Stock.

Although We Have Been Open Ten Days, Last Saturday's Sales Were the Largest We Have Yet Had.

EVERY BUYER

Is a Walking Advertisement for This Greatest of all Slaughter Sales

For This Week

All Men's and Boys' Winter Caps that Sold at $2.00, $1.50 and $1.00 at **25c.**

All Men's and Boys' Winter Caps that Sold for 75c, 50c and 25c, at **12c.**

Sam, Pete & Max.

Closing out the Original Pete Stock at 52 1-2 Calhoun St.

Fort Wayne Sentinel

MONDAY, FEB. 13, 1893.

Persons Desiring THE DAILY SENTINEL served at their homes can secure it by postal card, request, or order through telephone 178. Where delivery irregular or late, please make immediate complaint to the office.

Our Thermometer.

The position of the mercury between the hours of 7 a. m. and 2 p. m. was as follows:

7 a. m.	34° above
10 a. m.	37° above
12 m.	41° above
2 p. m.	41° above

The Weather.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—Forecast till 8 p. m., Tuesday — For Indiana: Increasing cloudiness, with rain or snow on Tuesday; colder Tuesday afternoon or night: southerly winds, shifting to northwesterly.

FRESH LOCAL LINES.

Ben Lehman is at Toledo.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Taylor, of No. 110 Dawson street, rejoice over a young son.

W. H. Hockley has resigned his position as night clerk at the McKinnie house.

George D. Sihair celebrated his thirtieth birthday in a pleasant way Friday evening.

W. C. Dewey, of Chicago, is here to erect a fine monument over the grave of Hugh B. Reed.

Clem Bekers, of this city, has concluded to locate at Muncie, Ind., where he will be employed in a large clothing house.

"Lipes" Thieme returned today from Milwaukee, where he has been attending the national convention of the merchant tailors.

The "Skipped by the Light of the Moon" company played Saturday night to a top-heavy house. It was not an attraction of superior merit.

The sale of delinquent city property was held at court house this morning by City Treasurer Sovenheimer. The number of delinquincies were not large.

Tomorrow evening the Saengerbund society will give a grand masquerade ball at the Princess rink. Reineke's full orchestra will furnish the music. A large attendance is expected.

James Long, who has been with the Boston store for the past ten years, has gone in partnership with his sons, the Long Bros., novelty advertising business, and will hereafter be in the Arcade.

The revival meetings at the First U. B. church still continue. Last night three professed faith in Christ and four united with the church, making twenty-one accessions since the meetings began. Services this evening at 7:30.

Announcement was made at the Cathedral yesterday that the pope's Episcopal jubilee would be celebrated beginning next Sunday, in commemoration of his fiftieth anniversary as a bishop. Prayers will be offered next Sunday, Monday and Tuesday at the Cathedral.

The First U. B. church Y. P. C. U. reorganized under the Endeavor constitution, by electing the following officers: President, E. P. Dailey; vice president, George W. Whicker; treasurer, Nellie Rauch; corresponding secretary, Maud Platt; recording secretary, Ethel Pierson.

Sid H. Saltsgaber, the genial foreman of the Lafayette Journal job rooms, was a visitor at THE SENTINEL office Saturday. Mr. Saltsgaber was on his way to Van Wert, Ohio, to attend the bedside of his mother, who is lying in a critical condition, and took this opportunity to renew old acquaintances in this city between trains.

Dennis Monahan, the wholesale hatter, has purchased Charles Guild's interest in the retail gent's furnishing house of Ohnhaus & Co. The firm will be known as Ohnhaus & Monahan. The concern is one of the most popular in the city and starts out with most favorable prospects. The store room will be enlarged and a custom shirt factory added.

C. F. McDonald, superintendent of the money order department of the United States postal service, this morning gave orders for the return of the $1,180 bond which the bondsmen of George Adams put up pending the recent investigation of his accounts. This is the final acknowledgment of the government that their inspector was wrong in reporting a shortage in the money order department of the Fort Wayne post office. Mr. Adams' bondsmen were Frank Alderman and D. N. Foster, who never at any time believed Mr. Adams guilty.

On Friday evening of last week the entire family of Henry Antrup, living eight miles out on the St. Joe road, were accidently poisoned by something which they ate at the supper table. The family consists of Mr. Antrup, his son-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. Grieble, a lady who was visiting the family, and four small children. One of the children was taken violently ill about midnight and the other members of the family were all suffering before daybreak. Dr. Bower, of this city, attended and worked with the sufferers most of the day Saturday. All are now out of danger. Just what caused their sickness is unknown.

Every pew and chair in Plymouth Congregational church was filled yesterday morning to hear the sermon by Rev. J. S. Ainslie upon "Man's Greatest Need." The preacher declared that the reason many people do not accept the gospel is because they do not know themselves, do not realize their spiritual poverty. From a searching analysis of human nature, he showed with great amplitude of illustration, that what we all need is not better teaching, not better opportunities, but more of God's love in the springs of our being, the help of Christ. Man is a spirit and he needs the inspiration of God, through faith in Christ, to put power into the soul and send it forth on its true destiny.

A PRETTY LUNCHEON

Given in Honor of the "Wit and Wisdom" Club.

The Dinner at the Fort Wayne Club in Honor of Miss Wilson—Other Affairs.

An affair which was very unique and exceedingly pretty was the pink Valentine luncheon given at 2 o'clock this afternoon in honor of the members of the "Wit and Wisdom club" by Mesdames J. D. Sheppard and E. D. Rogers, at the home of Mrs. Sheppard, on West DeWald street.

The decorations were of beautiful pink roses banked in the center of the table and laid at each cover, while the illumination was from rosy candles under pink shades. On the sideboard pink hyacinths were banked. At each meeting of the club the members have been required to give a quotation. These have been recorded by the secretary, put into book form, with a beautifully painted cover, tied with pink ribbon and were placed at each cover as a souvenir of the occasion. At each place also were rhymes referring to some peculiarity of each guest and a great deal of sport was had guessing to whom they referred. Suitable quotations were also served with each course, as with the salad:

"When salads rich and rare we find
"Our appetites to linger o'er feel inclined."
—Scott.

"And such as dare to dinner down
"Three dinners into one,
"Must eat their salads mighty short
"And pepper well with fun." —Drake.

With the ices and cake were others like these:

"Things sweet to taste
"Prove indigestion sour." —Shakespeare.
"As at English feasts so I regreet,
"The daintiest last to make the end more sweet." —Shakespeare.

With the coffee were:

"Drink pretty creatures drink."
—Wordsworth.
"Drink to the fair one all,
"And drain the cups though small."
—Milton.

The members of the club who were so fortunate as to be present and enjoy this occasion were Mesdames S. C. Henderson, A. Walterman, H. Woolsey, C. Clayton, F. Poole, J. Heller and J. F. Wing.

Mr. J. Kountz spent Sunday in this city.

Miss Anna Schnieders spent Sunday at New Haven.

The "XXX" club, of the west side, meet this evening.

Mr. W. W. Atterbury is spending a few days in Pittsburg.

Mr. August Bruder is expected home this week from Attica, Ind.

Miss Emma Schalk is at Van Wert, Ohio, visiting Miss Emma Miller.

Miss Ned Fisher returned today from a visit to friends in Elkhart, Ind.

Mr. Robert McHann, of Indianapolis, is the guest of Mr. R. H. Carnahan.

Mr. and Mrs. John McDonnell returned today from a visit in Toledo.

Mrs. Shulze, of Danville, Ill., is the guest of her parents at 22 Oak street.

Miss Emelia Smith, of Decatur, is the guest of Miss Katie Rohner, of 38 Force street.

Lee Austin has resumed his duties at the People's store after a few days' illness.

Mr. and Mrs. Vreeland will entertain a few friends at progressive pedro this evening.

Miss Bessie Ball, of 29 Williams street, will give a Valentine party Tuesday evening.

Miss Cynthia Hoffman, of Spy Run avenue, is spending a few days at Liberty Mills, Ind.

Rev. Theodore Kuhland, who has been visiting friends in this city, has returned to Sturgis, Mich.

Mrs. P. A. Caswell entertained the Misses Weatherford and Crofoot, of Kendallville, over Sunday.

Miss Niedhammer, who has been quite ill, is now able to resume her duties at the People's store.

Mrs. E. C. Kohlmeyer, of 58 South Wayne avenue, is entertaining Miss Lottie Garrison, of Bourbon, Ind.

Mrs. M. Miller, of Van Wert, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Lehman, of East Washington street.

Miss Ilena North, who has been Miss Carnahan's guest for several weeks, returned last evening to Columbia, Pa.

Mrs. Clarence Smith, of Greencastle, Ind., is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Mahin, of Michigan avenue.

Miss Kittie Loughlin, who was in the city to attend the entertainment given by the Emmett club, returned today to her home.

Miss Susan Thompson will give a valentine reception for her class tomorrow evening at her dancing school on Broadway.

Mr. Milton White and Edward Stiele, of Philadelphia, were the guests of Mr. Brady, of West Berry street, over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Frankenstein will entertain with a masquerade this evening at their home on East Washington street.

E. Nable, for several years in the dress goods department of the Boston store, has accepted a position at DeWald & Co.'s.

Mrs. John Shoaf, of Spy Run avenue, entertained a few friends at tea Saturday evening in honor of Mrs. John Hoagland, of Chicago.

Mrs. Genn and son, Roy, of Detroit, are the guests of Miss Minnie Edmonds. Mrs. Genn will be better remembered as Miss Mary Rule.

The Unity club will be entertained this evening by Mrs. McGraff, of West Wayne street. The readers will be Mrs. S. B. Hartman and Mrs. A. Reade.

Miss Clara Kenower, of Huntington, and Mrs. Harry Ninde assisted the Haydn quartet yesterday at the First Presbyterian church and some excellent music was rendered.

A very pleasant surprise party took place at Miss Morna Blystone's Friday evening. Those present were: Alice Hopple, Rosa Boyd, Ora Boyd, Minnie Hecker, Lola Eckels, Myrtle Hulbert, Anna Aumann, Augusta Paul, Stella Mann, Ella Wilkinson, Laura Pettit, Morna Blystone, Gust Paul, Carl Blystone.

The Foreign Missionary society of the Wayne street M. E. church will meet Friday afternoon of this week at the home of Mrs. J. P. Tinkham, on West Main street.

Invitations have been issued for the marriage of Miss Annie M. Morrison to Mr. Arthur P. Fowser next Thursday evening, at the residence of Mrs. E. Whiting, at 544 East Wayne street.

The marriage of Miss Grace A. Shaver, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Martin V. Shaver, 8 Fulton street, to Mr. Rudolph W. Weisenborn, of New York, will occur on Wednesday evening of this week at the home of the bride.

Miss Ida Chinworth left last evening for Warsaw where she will be in attendance at the wedding of Miss Lizzie Nelson and Mr. J. C. Spencer, which will take place at the home of the bride's parents, Tuesday evening, February 14.

Invitations have been issued for the wedding of Miss Lida Ferguson, daughter of Mr. John Ferguson, the lumber merchant, to Mr. Edwin Ellsworth Bernon, which occurs on Wednesday evening, February 22, at the home of the bride's parents on West Berry street.

The first meeting of the Union Missionary club will be held this evening at the First Presbyterian church. The subject for discussion during the evening will be "Scenes of Some Phases of Life in India." The program will be in charge of Mrs. D. B. Wells and Mr. E. F. Yarnelle.

Charles F. Stahl, accompanied by his sister, Miss Katie Stahl, of this city, will attend the fourth annual reception and banquet held by the fifth division of the Railway Mail service, at Cincinnati, Ohio, February 14th. Miss Stahl will remain for a week's visit with relatives at that city and Covington, Ky.

Last Saturday's Huntington Herald says: "Arrivals on the evening train last night were Miss Emma Abendroth, Miss Lona Provines and Miss Cora Wilkinson, from Fort Wayne. Miss Wilkinson is the guest of Miss Provines and will remain till Thursday. Miss Minnie Wilkinson will also arrive tonight to visit with Miss Provines and Miss Abendroth."

Saturday evening Mr. and Mrs. John Parker gave a very pleasant and enjoyable dancing party, followed by several games of pedro, at their home, corner of Wayne and Clay streets. Music was furnished by the Schonitz orchestra. Those present were Messrs. and Mesdames John Parker, Tilberry, Ida Miller, Messrs. Ed. Yonats, Samuel Rice, Frank Burgmon, Robert Brown and G. P. Essig.

Saturday evening Misses Eva and Della Rossell gave a jolly little sleighing party. After a two hours' coast the guests gathered at the home of the Misses Rossell and enjoyed dancing and games. Among those present were Misses Mary McDonald, Carlie Olds, Madge Jenkinson, Eva and Della Rossell, Masters Ed Reitze, Fred McCracken, Ron Furman, Ralph Yarnelle, Guy Bell and Donald McDonald.

Last Tuesday evening Mrs. Jane Muldoon and family, of Hesse Cassel, were very agreeably surprised by a 'bus load of young friends from Fort Wayne, it being the birthday of William Muldoon. After the guests were comfortably settled the program opened with music, dancing, card playing, etc., and at 12 o'clock a delicious oyster supper was served and at 3 o'clock the guests returned to the city, wishing William many a happy birthday.

Mrs. Andrew Koons, of Francis street, was very much surprised Saturday evening when her many friends and neighbors invaded her home and helped her to celebrate her birthday anniversary. She was still more surprised, but very much pleased, when her guests presented her with a silver cream set and a number of other handsome presents. Games and music were enjoyed. At 11:30 a bounteous supper was served, after which the guests departed.

This evening at the Fort Wayne club Mr. John Morris will give a charming 6 o'clock dinner in honor of Miss Carnahan's friend, Miss Angie Wilson, of Cincinnati, Ohio. Mrs. J. Risley, who is also Miss Carnahan's guest, will chaperon the party. The guests will be Miss Wilson, Mrs. Risley, Misses Louise Carnahan, Ethel Ninde, Mary Evans, Helen Moffat, Alice Woodworth, and Messrs. Robert McHann, of Indianapolis; M. W. Fay, Robert Carnahan, Gustave Detzer, Ed Woodworth, Will Ninde.

On Saturday evening a very pleasant sleighing party consisting of Misses May Callihan, Nora Naher, Mary Bresnihan, Clara Lordier, Maggie Betts, Sarah Weaver, Rose Weaver, Mary Downes, Grace Moran, Lizzie Harter, Anna Riley, May Tuhomy, Messrs. James Lennon, J. W. Woodward, Will Hatch, John O'Niel, Thomas Murphy, Thomas Bresnihan, John Singleton, George Wieck, Ed. Carey, R. J. Brackenridge, James Riley, were delightfully entertained at the home of Miss Tillie Riley, four miles west of this city. Games and dancing were enjoyed and the guests partook of luncheon at 12 o'clock.

A merry crowd gathered at the home of William Kaylor, 68 Walton avenue, yesterday, to help him celebrate his twenty-first birthday anniversary. Among those present were Misses Emma Melker, Sue Kaylor, Minnie Smith, Eliza Hueck, Tempt Cartwright, Dinah Pohl, Cecelia and Laetia McDougall, Blanche Cartwright, Annie and Minnie Lubbengans, Messrs. William Kaylor, E. Kaylor, Ben Melker, John Smith, Ed Siebold, Will Cartwright, Theodore Alberts, of Hamilton; John Schulker, Cincinnati; Willie Drace, Chicago; Lester McDougall, Sheldon, Ill.; John Jackson, Frankfort, Ky.

Big Drop on Eggs—Down to Doz.

Fresh Eggs, 30c doz.
Best Roll Butter 25c lb.

FRUIT HOUSE.

Mr. H. V. Root, who has been confined to his bed for three weeks, is now able to be out again.

There was one drunk at police court this morning. The fellow's name was Frank Richter. He was arrested by Officer McCrory, on Columbia street, Saturday afternoon.

Anna Beach and Stella Parker, the two women who were recently arrested while in company with two colored men, were released from the county jail this morning.

Henry G. Olds has been served with a summons to appear at Indianapolis as a party in the suit of the American Wheel company, which comes up the first Monday in March.

John Condon, the South Calhoun street saloonkeeper, left this afternoon for Michigan City, having in charge John Bennigan, who was recently sentenced to one year for larceny.

Mrs. A. D. Craig is visiting at Lima, Ohio, the guest of Rev. J. W. Lower and wife. Rev. Lower will be remembered as a former pastor of the First U. B. church, of this city.

Mr. Welker, the very popular clerk of the cloak and dress goods department of the Boston store, has taken a position with Root & Co., where his many friends and customers will find him in the future.

The special meetings commenced in South Wayne hall Sabbath evening were well attended. There is much promise of good. The meetings will continue throughout the week, at 7:30. All are invited.

Mr. James B. Long, for the past ten years with the Boston store, has formed a partnership with his two sons, the Long Bro.'s Novelty Printing and Advertising business, and will hereafter be found in the Arcade.

Geary has a good show this week. The famous Rooster orchestra can be seen at his museum each day and night. On the stage a specialty show, comprising some of the leading artists in the vaudeville line, will give a performance at the usual hours.

Does the microbe lurk in the greenback? Is the dread peril of contact with bacteria affronted, when one grasps the few wisps of greasy green paper which represent his weekly wages? Must we send our salaries to be washed every week before daring to put them into our vest pockets, or to hand them over to our wives? Must we exact a guarantee from Uncle Sam that he shall not give forth contagious diseases with his issues of legal tender? These are questions which are asked on all sides. Most people will grab all the greenbacks they can get, even if the money be scaly with microbes; but meantime the Government owes us security from infection. The Treasury Department must borrow a chemist and a bug hunter, and learn to send forth bills innocent of harm.

A TENNESSEE judge named Springfield, presiding over a court at Chattanooga, has ideas of administering justice resembling the practice of Robin Hood, who stole from the rich and gave the plunder to the poor. He has announced that no person in necessitous circumstances will be punished in his court for stealing coal from the coal trust. Several men and women who had been arrested for depredations on the ring coal yards were discharged. Judge Springfield has original notions of equity not exactly in conformance with modern legal methods of jurisprudence. But, with the thermometer at 10 below zero and coal at trust prices, the native sense of justice makes strong appeals to a merciful magistrate.

A DENVER bank teller has vanished and so have several thousand dollars of the bank's money. It's the old story of drinking, and gambling, and women. It's really a pity, in the interests of an ennuyé public, that defaulters and absconders and the rest of the ilk can't find some new combination of causes to allege for their defections. The old trilogy of seductive delights waxeth threadbare with much age and use.

WORLD'S MUSEUM!

One Week, Commencing Feb. 13.

RoosteR OrchestrA!



SEVEN LIVE BARNYARD ROOSTERS,

Playing Musical Instruments.

On Theatre stage Big Specialty Show, including some of the best known artists in the Vaudeville Line.

Stage Performance Every Hour, at 2, 3:15, 7:30 and 9:30. Curio Hall opens an hour earlier.

COMING FEB. 20, **TWO-HEADED BOY!**

COMING FEB. 27, **WINTER CIRCUS!**

All in Five Weeks.

H. B. Buck, M. D., Springfield, Ill., says: "I use daily the German learned in a five weeks' course with Professor Dodge among my patients who do not speak English. His manner of imparting instruction is beyond comparison with any system or any teacher I have previously known. He will teach any person of common ability who will sit in the class one hour a day, German enough in five weeks for all practical purposes." Free lectures at the Y. M. C. A. hall Thursday, at 4:30 and 8 p. m.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Iten leave today for a visit with friends in Indianapolis and Cincinnati.

Next Wednesday evening a meeting will be held at the Custer house for the purpose of organizing a new German Building and Loan association.

Holland Herring Down 25c Keg.

Fresh Shipment New Goods.

New Holland Herring, 55c Keg.
Russian Sardines, 70c Keg.
Smoked Finnan Haddies, 9c lb.
Choice Prepared Cod Fish, 8c lb.
Smoked Halibut, 12c lb.
Smoked Yarmouth Bloaters, 2 for 5c.
Labrador Herring, 1c each.

FRUIT HOUSE.

"Grant Before Vicksburg or Forty-Seven Days Under Fire," at the Wayne Street M. E. church Tuesday evening, Feb. 14, by Rev. E. L. Semans.

Notice.

I wish to say to my friends and the public that I have severed my connection with the firm of Shone & Wellman, undertakers, and want to thank them for all past favors. Respectfully,

11-2t HENRY H. SHONE.

Night calls given immediate attention. Nierman's Pharmacy.

Nothing better for chapped hands, face and lips than Loresch's Toilet Cream. Try it. For sale by all druggists. 25c. per bottle.

Cost Sale.

On account of having to vacate the building I now occupy I will sell my entire stock of furniture at cost. Do not miss this opportunity.

LOUIS GRATZEL,
feb 8 9 13 14 44 E. Main St.

Physician's prescriptions accurately prepared. Nierman's Pharmacy.

All those desiring information of the Keeley cure for the opium habit, neurasthenia and drunkenness, call on or address J. C. Diltz, 109 West Wayne street, Fort Wayne, or the Keeley Institute, Auburn, Ind. 1eod2w

Cigars at Nierman's Pharmacy.

E. J. GOLDEN.

Correct Styles.

There is no need of being out of the world because out of Fashion, when you can get such Celebrated Hats as

Dunlap, Flange and Tourist Hats.

Melville Soft and Stiff Hats.

Roelofs Stiff and Flange Hats.

The St. George and Homberg, the latest Styles in Combination and Plain Colors, at

E. J. GOLDEN'S,

68 Calhoun Street.

Business Chance.

WANTED—Man in this city with $1,200 cash capital to start a branch of our business. $1,000 per month can easily be made. Business strictly legitimate and permanent; now in operation in several cities coining money. Parties with the required capital, meaning business, address Lawrence & Hopkins, Neave Bdg., Cincinnati, O. 11-2t

The discount sale in fine china and first quality white and decorated dinner sets, glassware, tea and coffee sets, etc., will continue until Saturday, Feb. 18. On Monday we will offer three new and nice patterns in china dinner sets at $23.50 and $25.00 each. Real bargains if you want nice quality of goods.

WHARTON & CRATSLEY,
11-3t 68 Calhoun Street.

Masquerade Suits for rent, at 114 Calhoun street.

8 6t MRS. B. KRATZSCH.

Perfumes at Nierman's Pharmacy.

Use Bloomingdale Mill's White Loaf and Silver Wedding flour. They are the best. Every sack guaranteed. Sold by all grocers.

Toilet goods at Nierman's Pharmacy.

Mergentheim's Bazaar.

Corner Main and Calhoun Streets.

Our New Embroideries AND FLOUNCINGS

Are the handsomest ever show in this city at prices—that defy competition.

WHITE GOODS!

In Large Variety, from 4½c a yard, up.

New Spring Dress Goods!

Arriving Daily—and such lovely colors and Patterns too.

NEW TABLE LINENS,

White Table Linens at 25c, 30c, 35c, 45c, 50c and up. Unbleached at same prices.

Muslin Underwear!

A Fine Line at Low Prices.

Don't Forget that we are Closing Out Our

CLOAKS and JACKETS

At Almost Half Price.

Our Winter Underwear

Going At Cost

SOLE AGENTS FOR

McCalls Bazaar Patterns!

Mergentheim's Bazaar.

ITEMS OF INTEREST AT --THE-- BOSTON STORE.

We have made the following great reductions to close out the few remaining Muffs in stock:

From $10.00 to $7.50.
7.50 to 6.00.
3.75 to 2.75.
3.50 to 2.50.
5.00 to 3.75.
4.00 to 2.75.
3.00 to 2.25.
.50 to .30.

The styles are beaver, Nutria, Astrakan, Monkey, Racoon, Martin, Cape-Seal, Coney and Hare, and in every instance quoted at less than cost, as this is the second reduction since the holidays.

You will be specially pleased with our display of Hamburg, Cambrick and Nainsook Embroideries.

The new goods are of original and entirely new designs, and include all widths, from the daintiest edge to the Mammoth Flouncings.

Remember, we always claim to be headquarters for Embroideries, and this by public consent, and our stock this season will sustain our claims.

Take advantage of the pleasant change in the weather, and just come and see the harblogers of spring and sunshine and warm weather, so profusely scattered around our store.

Wash Dress Goods were never so beautiful: elegant patterns and artistic effects never so numerous.

The same is also true in Woolen Dress Goods.

New Woolen Cloakings, New Laces and Veilings.

Stewart & Hahn,

No. 28 Calhoun Street,

Fort Wayne, Ind.

DR. E. J. McOSCAR,

Office and Residence Removed to 30 West Jefferson Street.

Hours: 10 to 11 a. m., 2 to 3 p. m., 7 to 8 p. m. Telephone No. 216.

The Paper on Which "The Sentinel" is Printed is Furnished by FISHER BROTHERS, Manufacturers and Jobbers of +P·A·P·E·R+ Of All Kinds. STATIONARY, ETC. 128 CALHOUN STREET, FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

MY WIFE Says she cannot see how you do it for the money.

$20 Buys a $50.00 Sewing Machine. Call and see it.

MARION BLACK,
150 Calhoun Street.

AN IRISHMAN'S WIFE,

Turning to her husband who was employed on the grand jury, said:---

"Pat, don't yez find it hard to decide?"
"Not so very," says Pat, "when only one side is Irish."
"But when both sides are Irish, it's very hard indeed."

You'll be called upon now to decide whose Baking Powder you will use for '93.

THE IMPERIAL CROWN BAKING POWDER, when once used will be your choice as to Baking Qualities.

Only 25c per pound, 13c in halves.

MANUFACTURED BY

MEYER BROS. & CO., Druggists.

PFEIFFER & SCHLATTER,

Art Glass, Hardware and Sewing Machines.

38 and 40 E. Columbia St. Telephone No. 86.

"The Spot Cash Grocery,"

STRINGER'S, 26 West Main Street.

Sell Everybody at ONE PRICE.

20 lbs Finest Granulated Sugar, $1.00.
20 lbs Confectionary A. Sugar, $1.00.
21 lbs White Extra C. Sugar $1.00.
24 lbs Louisana Clarafied Sugar, $1.00.
3 lbs "Baltimore" Blended Coffee, $1.00.
4 lbs "Spot Cash" Coffee, $1.00.
3 lbs Choice New Japan Tea, $1.00.
7 lbs Choice New Japan Siftings, $1.00.
4 one-gallon cans Pumpkin, $1.00.
2 one-gallon cans Peeled Pie Peaches, $1.00.
2 one-gallon cans Blueberries, $1.00.
10 lbs Fancy New Bartlett Pears, $1.00.
12 lbs Loose New Figs, $1.00.
12 lbs New Blackberries, $1.00.
20 lbs New Dried Grapes, $1.00.
12 lbs Fancy 4 Crown Muscatels, $1.00.

Stringer's will issue about the FIFTEENTH their FIFTH PRICE LIST. This one will be just ONE-FIFTH Larger than the last one. From it CONSUMERS will learn beyond a doubt that THEY are the LARGEST and CHEAPEST, and by visiting the HOUSE that THEY are the FINEST and CLEANEST.